Weather
Unsettled today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 41.5 and the minimum 37.9, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 44.6 and 34.7.

THE CHINA PRESS
大陸報

A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

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ALLIES DISAGREE OVER CONDITIONS FOR ARMISTICE

French Press Has Scare Over Renewal Of War By Germans

THREE VIEWS HELD

France Wants Conditions Added To Make Germany Completely Powerless

AMERICA OPPOSED

Thinks Allies Are Bound By Clauses Of Original Armistice

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

Paris, February 10.—The vital question with the French at present is not the League of Nations but the terms for the renewal of the armistice.

The French press dwells on the danger of a rapid demobilisation of the Allied forces while the Germans still have millions of men under arms.

The British standpoint is that the main object of the renewed armistice and the treaty of peace must be to deliver Europe from militarism first by the abolition of conscription and a beginning must be made with Germany. It is suggested that the German army should be compulsorily reduced to its future peace-footing now in order to enable the Allies rapidly to carry out the demobilisation of their own forces.

Position Of Americans

The Americans favor leaving the Germans to dispose of their manpower for the present as they choose while insisting on the surrender of such a proportion of Germany's war material as our military advisers think necessary. The American view is that the Allies are bound by the terms of the original armistice and that the basis of the convention should not be widened by the inclusion of new demands.

Both the French and British official view is that there is no actual danger of a renewal of hostilities by the Germans, who doubtless have 8,000,000 men in uniform but their fitness and discipline is doubtful. On the other hand, the French press generally declines to believe that Germany has been reduced to helplessness and points to the tone of the speeches made in the German National Assembly at Weimar as an indication of the future danger from 70,000,000 Germans eager to renew the attempt to destroy France.

Clemenceau Tells French Difficulties

New York, February 10.—M. Clemenceau, the French Premier, interviewed by the Paris correspondent of the Associated Press, emphasised the difficulties of reconstituting France industrially, whereas German factories are ready to produce forthwith. He also mentioned that, while Germany's war debt is almost entirely domestic, France is confronted with having to pay abroad regularly immense sums in interest.

He indicated that these aspects of the situation, the gradual demobilisation of the British armies and the chaos in Russia, which suited Germany, were all accountable for France's caution with regard to the League of Nations and her insistence upon solid safeguards and securities. He admitted, however, that President Wilson had given heartening reassurances in this connection.

Three Issues Up

(American Press Wireless)

Paris, February 10.—When the armistice is renewed with Germany on February 17, it will amount to a virtual preliminary Peace Treaty. This comes from a high authority. The problem being composed is how to include in the armistice the dismantling of the Rhine as a military area, the occupation of Essen and the reduction of the German army. It is expected that a way will be found legally to include these new matters in the armistice, although under military law an extraneous subject not treated in the original armistice cannot be.

Once included in the armistice, a temporary peace treaty will have

(Continued on Page 5)

League Of Nations Born When Committee Agrees To Draft Of Constitution

American Reports Say International Body Has Now Come Into Existence; To Be Taken Up By Conference Before Wilson Goes

(American Press Wireless)

Paris, February 10.—The Society of Nations came into existence today under turbulent circumstances due to a threat to withdraw the Peace Conference from Paris. No matter how sincere or insincere are the rumblings, the Society is expected to weather the conditions which greeted its formal birth at high noon today.

At that time President Wilson and the other members of the League of Nations Committee had concluded their reading for the first draft constitution of the Society and were agreed on all points. The usual draft communique did not give this information, but it was authoritatively stated at the close of the meeting that today saw the birth of the Society.

At present the first formal draft constitution of the Society of Nations is being guarded with all the care that is usually lavished upon an Asiatic potentate.

The secrecy around the Hotel Crillion, where the Society first saw the light of day, is as thick as the proverbial London fog. Today it was impenetrable. Nevertheless it is reported that President Wilson, as Chairman of the Committee, will address the plenary conference either on Thursday, Friday or Saturday and present the report of the Committee for adoption.

In a large measure the creation of the Society is due to the ceaseless work of the President. He has been instrumental in having the Committee meet morning, noon and night during the past week for the sole purpose of bringing something tangible out of the maze of details which is enmeshing the Conference. That his efforts have been crowned with success is apparent, for he will return home with the details of one great individual accomplishment of the Peace Conference and will be ready to tell Congress what part he expects the Society will play in preventing future wars. The Committee will meet at frequent intervals for the purpose of ironing out what are deemed trivial differences.

The members of the Committee today assembled at 10:30 a.m., word was passed out at noon that the Committee had agreed upon the first draft and it adjourned at 1:30. A little group of American war workers and soldiers, hearing that President Wilson was at the Hotel Crillion, gathered at the doors to catch a glimpse of him. When he came out they cheered him but they did not realise that they were cheering him on the day of his first real triumph on European soil.

BALFOUR STATES VIEWS ON PEACE PROBLEMS

Not League Of Nations' Business To Decide Terms, He Says

(American Press Wireless)

Paris, February 10.—Mr. Balfour, discussing different peace problems with British and American correspondents, said that the question when peace will be signed is one that no one can answer. Asked if he thought the treaty might be signed by April 1, he replied that such a view was rather sanguine. Peace, however, need not necessarily wait for the formal establishment of the Society of Nations because it was not the Society's business to determine terms of peace. Asked how Germany can pay indemnities if she is not allowed to recuperate her industries, he replied that Germany's recuperation should not be at the expense of France and Belgium, but it was to nobody's interest that Germany should become a derelict nation.

TWELVE OUT FOR SEATS ON MUNICIPAL COUNCIL

Nine Britons, Two Americans And One Japanese To Be Voted On Next Week

Twelve candidates have been nominated for the nine seats in the Shanghai Municipal Council. The nominees include nine British, two Americans and one Japanese. Four members of the present Council are up for re-election: Messrs. E. C. Pearce, Ed. White, W. L. Merriman and T. Ibukiyama.

The other candidates are Messrs. C. M. Bain, W. H. Barham, J. Harold Dollar, A. Howard, W. P. Lambe, H. A. J. Macray, R. S. F. McBain and A. Brooke Smith.

The election will be held February 20 and 21 from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. and two polling places will be open, one at the Revenue Office, 7a The Bund and the other at the sub-agency of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, 9 Broadway.

The complete list of candidates, with their proposers and seconders, follows: Mr. C. M. Bain, merchant, Messrs. R. S. F. McBain and E. Jenner Hogg; Mr. W. H. Barham, merchant, Messrs. J. Prentice and C. M. G. Burnie; Mr. Harold Dollar, steamship agent, Messrs. A. Stephen and W. C. Sprague; Mr. A. Howard, merchant, Messrs. A. Stephen and D. M. Nissim; Mr. T. Ibukiyama, steamship agent, Messrs. K. Kodama and H. H. Girardet; Mr. W. P. Lambe, merchant, Messrs. C. M. Bain and C. R. Burkill; Mr. H. A. J. Macray, merchant, Messrs. D. McNeill and L. Midwood; Mr. R. S. F. McBain, merchant, Messrs. J. Prentice and J. H. Osborne; Mr. W. L. Merriman, merchant, Messrs. W. C. Sprague and J. H. McMichael; Mr. E. C. Pearce, merchant, Messrs. F. Ayscough and E. Jenner Hogg; Mr. A. Brooke Smith, merchant, Messrs. J. Johnstone and A. Stephen; Mr. Ed. White, merchant, Messrs. J. W. Jackson and R. E. Wilson

FRANCE WON'T RELINQUISH TREATY REGARDING SYRIA

Doesn't Consider Secret Pact With Britain Nullified By League Of Nations

(American Wireless To Reuter)

Paris, February 10.—The disposition of Syria will probably come before the Big Five council again tomorrow when France's position will be more clearly outlined. France does not regard her treaty with Britain, which was made since the war began, as null and void, or as having been definitely replaced by the Society of Nations. The suggestion that in consideration of being granted mandatory power over Togoland and the Cameroons France would relinquish her claims in Syria has been made apparently without the authority of the French Government.

DECIDE WHAT GERMANS CAN REMAIN IN CHINA

Allied Commission In Peking Takes Up Question Of Exemption From Repatriation

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, February 13.—A meeting of the Allied Diplomatic Commission this morning dealt with the question of exemptions from the pending repatriation of German subjects. The principal exemptions will be the wives and families of Germans interned in Japan and also doctors and missionaries whose services are deemed beneficial.

The repatriation arrangements made by the Chinese Government are proceeding smoothly and the Allied ministers are pleased with the actions of the Chinese Government in that direction.

Claims Against Enemies Must Be Filed By Feb. 20

Claims against enemy subjects or estates controlled by Germans and Austrians must be filed in triplicate on or before next Thursday with Mr. Ivan Chen, Commissioner of Foreign Affairs and Director of the Branch Office for the Administration of Funds and Property of Enemy Subjects, or his assistant, Mr. Wang Keng-ting, at the offices at 122 Bubbling Well Road.

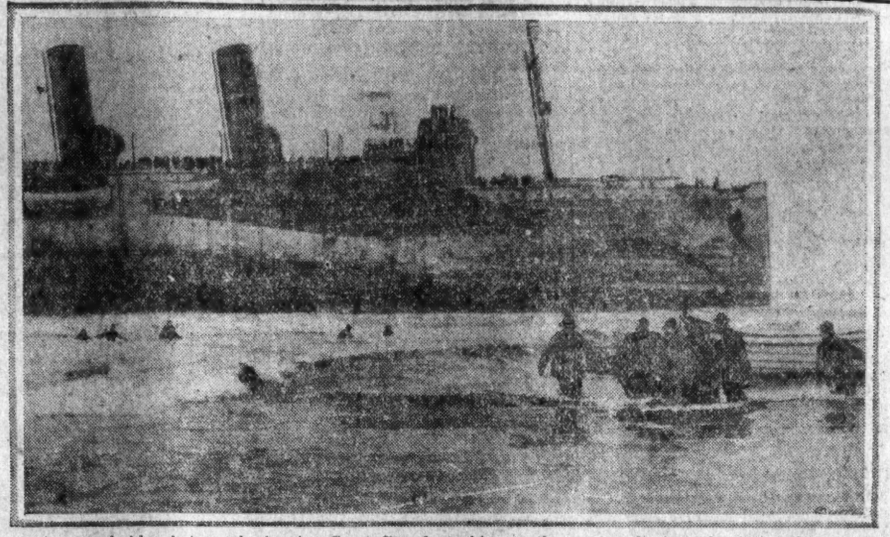
Notices, signed by Messrs. Chen and Wang, are being circulated today. The ruling applies to claims against enemy subjects living in or those who control estates located in the province of Kiangsu.

No claims will be allowed after February 20.

Leave Hankow February 20

According to a Hankow telegram last night, more than 400 enemy subjects, residents of that province, Hunan, Honan and Kiangsi who are now temporarily quartered here, will leave on February 20 for Shanghai to be repatriated. The necessary passports for these Teutons were issued Monday and distributed by Mr. Wu Chung-hsien, director of the Bureau of the Deportation of Enemy Subjects at Hankow.

Thrilling Moment In Rescuing Men From Stranded Transport



A remarkable photograph showing Coast Guards rushing to the rescue of returned soldiers thrown into the sea by the capsizing of a lifeboat in which they were being taken ashore from the stranded transport Northern Pacific, which went aground at Fire Island, off New York. The soldiers are shown struggling in the water. All were saved. In the right foreground is shown a group of Coast Guards carrying out one of the men.

Income Tax Returns Due In U.S. March 1; Forms Not Yet Here

No Penalty To Be Imposed On Americans Abroad If Affidavit Explains Delay

There will be no extension of time for filing of income tax returns by Americans aboard, according to telegraphic word received at the American Consulate-General here yesterday, but no penalty will attach in cases where citizens have been unable to procure return forms in time. This is practically the same provision made last year, when the blank forms did not arrive in Shanghai until too late to get them to the internal revenue offices at home by the date required.

Income returns are required to be filed at the proper offices by March 1. The consulate here has wired for blank return forms and as soon as these arrive notification will be made. A statement of the reason for delay in filling out the blanks will be required to accompany each return form.

No information regarding the taxation rates or other details have reached the local officials.

BASEBALL CLUB MEETS AT CARLTON CAFE TODAY

Members Will Elect Officers For Next Season And Transact General Business

Members of the present committee of the Shanghai Amateur Baseball Club will be opposed for re-election should they decide to run at the annual meeting to be held at the Carlton Cafe this afternoon. Representation of players and the need for an aggressive policy on the part of the committee are arguments put forward by the "insurgents" but the present committee also has numerous supporters.

It is expected that a large gathering will turn out for the annual session as next season is figured to be the biggest since America entered the war. Three cruisers have already been assigned to the China Station of the Asiatic Fleet and a definite and aggressive season's policy is desired by players and many members.

The reports of President R. D. Bunn and Secretary-Treasurer J. B. Davies will be heard at today's meeting and the election of a committee and a general business session will follow.

Prince Yamagata In Critical Condition

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, February 12.—Field Marshal Prince Yamagata is in a critical condition.

NO FRENCH WIRELESS

Owing to the bad atmospheric conditions and the continual interruptions of a neighboring station, it was not possible for the Koukaza Station yesterday morning to receive the wireless message sent from Lyons Wednesday night at 11 p.m.

King George In Address Submits Reform Program

Necessity For Marked Social And Industrial Reconstruction Emphasised At Opening Of Parliament

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, February 11.—In his speech opening Parliament His Majesty the King, after pointing out that the struggle of German tyranny with European freedom had ended with the defeat of Germany and a new era had dawned, said that in order to reap the full fruits of victory and safeguard the peace of the world an adequate army must be maintained in the field, proposals for which would be submitted.

Referring to the Allied Conference in Paris, His Majesty emphasized the cordiality, good will and absence of disagreement marking the discussions and trusted the preliminaries of peace would soon be signed. He rejoined that the conference had accepted the principle of a League of Nations for progress in that direction alone would save mankind from the scourge of war.

Co-operation With America

Alluding to President Wilson's visit to England, His Majesty said that the enthusiastic welcome President Wilson had received was an earnest of the increasing understanding with which he trusted the United States and Great Britain would act together in the future.

"For the last few months the Imperial War Cabinet has been in continuous session and my counsels with regard to the war and external affairs have been strengthened and enlightened by the presence of the Allied Ministers of my self-governing Dominions and my Indian Empire. The inspiring sacrifice and invaluable service rendered by the peoples of my Dominions and India during the war have won for them an important place in the counsels of the world and it has been a source of especial satisfaction to me that their title to representation has been fully recognised by the Paris Conference. I trust the reports of the Committees which are inquiring into matters connected with constitutional reform in India will be received in time to enable a bill on the subject to be presented during the course of the session.

"The position in Ireland causes me great anxiety but I earnestly hope that conditions will soon sufficiently improve to make possible a durable settlement of this difficult problem."

His Majesty said that the Commons would be asked to make further financial provision to meet war charges and for reconstruction.

Need For Better Social Order

Addressing both Houses, His Majesty said:

"The aspirations for a better social order which have been quicked in the hearts of my people by the experience of the war must be encouraged by prompt and comprehensive action. Before the war poverty, unemployment, inadequate housing and many ills which could be remedied existed in our land and these were aggravated by disunion, but since the outbreak of the war every party and every class has worked and fought together for a great ideal. In pursuit of this common aim they have shown a spirit of unity and self-sacrifice which has exalted the nation and enabled it to play its full part in winning the victory.

"The ravages of war and the wastage of war have not yet, however, been repaired and if we are to repair these losses and build a better Britain we must continue to manifest the same spirit. We must stop at no sacrifice of interest or prejudice to stamp out unmerited poverty, diminish unemployment, mitigate its sufferings, provide decent homes, improve the health of the nation and raise the standard of wellbeing throughout the community. We shall not acheive this end by undue tenderness toward acknowledged abuses and it must necessarily be retarded by violence or even disturbance. We shall succeed only by patient and untiring resolution in carrying through the legislation and administrative action which is required. It is that resolute action which I now ask you to support. A large number of measures affecting the social and economic wellbeing of the nation await your consideration and it is of the utmost importance that their provisions should be examined and if possible agreed upon and carried into effect with all expedition. With this object the Government will invite the consideration of the Commons to certain proposals for the simplification of the procedure of the House which, it is hoped, will enable delays to be avoided and give members an increasing opportunity to take an effective part in the work of legislation."

Program Of Legislation

His Majesty then announced bills for the creation of a Ministry of Health and a Ministry of Ways and Communications; also measures for effecting a speedy and large increase in housing accommodation; for the fulfilment of the pledges given to the trade unions; for the prevention of unfair competition by the sale of imported goods below their selling price in the country of origin and for increasing the industrial and agricultural output, without which a considerable and permanent betterment of the condition of the nation cannot be effected. Proposals will also be made for encouraging land settlement, particularly for ex-service men, for providing suitable men with the necessary agricultural training, for enabling them to stock and equip their holdings and for the reclamation of land and the promotion of comprehensive afforestation.

"Finally I recommend to your earnest consideration industrial problems. That the gifts of leisure and prosperity may be more generally shared through the community is my ardent desire. It is your duty, while firmly maintaining security for property and person, to spare no effort in healing the causes of the existing unrest and I earnestly appeal to you to do all that in you lies to revive and foster a happier and more harmonious spirit in our national industrial life."

PEACE CONFERENCE MAY BE MOVED TO NEUTRAL COUNTRY

Bitter Attacks By French Press On Wilson's Aims Are Cause

TACTICS RESENTED

Obstructionist Campaigns Arise In Dispute Over Armistice Renewal

MAY BE SETTLED

Hope Friction Will Be Smoothed Before Wilson Goes Home

(American Press Wireless)

Paris, February 10.—Unless the bitter propaganda being carried on by certain newspapers in Paris be abated and the persistent obstructionist tactics cease the Peace Conference may be transferred from Paris to a neutral country. The representatives of certain countries are becoming more and more irritated at continual criticism generally and frequently found in certain newspapers and by the hostile attitude of certain of their conferees until the matter has reached such a state that the removal from France of the Conference is under consideration. The "Independence of the Conference" is being menaced and curtailed, it is alleged in certain quarters. It is realised by those who object to removing the Conference from Paris that war-time conditions still prevail, but it is argued that removal to a neutral country would obviate those conditions.

Clash Over Demobilisation

(The first words of the next message were lost in transmission) demands were modified. Reports of this broke over the city like a thunderstorm. At 3 o'clock came the culmination of what had been considered rather too strong propaganda in the French press recently. And I am informed by a high source that there has been a distinct clash between the three biggest Allies over the question of demobilisation: France wanting America and Britain to keep a tremendous army here to protect her while her industry is being re-established. Also France demands that German industry be throttled until hers can be restored. It has been very aggravating. It is asked how could Germany pay an indemnity if she be not allowed to resume normal productions.

It is learned tonight that the British are not a party to the proposal to remove the Conference elsewhere.

France May Bolt Prinkipo Conference

M. Pichon, in an interview yesterday, intimated that France would not take part in the Conference at Prinkipo. M. Clemenceau in an interview this morning said there had been a feeling that it was possibly a mistake for the Conference to be held here. France naturally dominated the Conference in certain ways because there were her interests and economic exigencies to be considered. This might have been tolerated but now that the clashes have occurred over the renewal of the armistice such dictation is becoming critical.

League Of Nations Draft Complete

The draft of the League of Nations was completed at noon on Monday and the principles were given to the Governments in the afternoon. The draft will be ratified on Tuesday at a subcommittee meeting.

A plenary session is expected on Thursday or Friday, when President Wilson will return to the United States, following an important address on the evening of his departure. It is felt that in spite of the friction and desire of certain Governments to change the Conference that it will not be necessary owing to the loyalty already reported and to the fact that President Wilson will be leaving for home within a week. Optimists declare that once the League of Nations is established and the Supreme War Council decides upon the final terms for renewal of the armistice on February 17 with the proviso that there shall be no further modifications it will become easier sailing with less possibility of obstructionist tactics and lower chances of blind criticism and attacks by the local press.

CHINA DELEGATE WANTS LIST OF SECRET PACTS

Peking Replies Only Tsao Ju-lin And Hsu Shu-cheng Have Them

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, February 13.—The Government received on the 11th a telegram from Lu Cheng-hsiang, the leading Chinese delegate at the Peace Conference, requesting a full list of the secret treaties between China and Japan. President Hsu Shih-chang referred the matter to the diplomatic commission and the Cabinet. The latter replied that the secret documents are in the hands of Tsao Ju-lin and Hsh Shu-cheng and that no one else had access thereto. Thus a disclosure could be made merely of the portion fit to bear the light, but a disclosure at the peace conference would be official and the undisclosed portions would subsequently be open to repudiation.

Chinda Blames Delegates For Agitation In China

According to a Japanese news agency, Baron Chinda, the Japanese ambassador to the Court of St. James now in Paris on the Japanese peace delegation, has made a lengthy statement regarding the Sino-Japanese situation. After denying the allegations that Japan had threatened China with military force and had any desire to infringe on the freedom of the Chinese peace delegates in Paris, he states that Japan will hold the Chinese peace delegation responsible for the anti-Japanese attitude engendered among the Chinese press and the people as a result of the allegations.

Baron Chinda says that Mr. Lu Cheng-hsiang, the Chinese Minister of Foreign Affairs and chief peace delegate, has broken his word and changed his attitude. Mr. Lu, he said, had told the Japanese Foreign Minister, Viscount Uchida, while on his way to Paris from Peking, that he would exert every effort to bring closer relationship between his country and Japan. The present attitude of the Chinese delegation, he maintained, was absolutely contrary to his promises.

Cancel All Agreements, Sung Hung-yi Declares

Alleging that Japan had deceived Great Britain by concealing some of the most important provisions when called upon to disclose to the world the contents of the Twenty-one Demands on China in 1915, Mr. Sung Hung-yi, former Minister of the Interior, has circularised the provinces with telegrams, urging the cancellation of all the Sino-Japanese treaties concluded during the war.

"If no stains exist on these documents," says the message in part, "why should not they be published?

"In 1877, Russia compelled Turkey to sign the treaty of St. Stafanok," continued the telegram, "and by the treaty of Shimonoseki, Japan forced China to yield the Liaotung Peninsula. Both of these treaties were contrary to justice and were annulled subsequently through the sense of honesty of other Powers."

NO FOREIGN CAPITAL IN POOTUNG TRAMLINE

Rumor Of Japanese Interests In Chuansha-Tungkadoo Project Is Denied In Report

No foreign capital is included in the proposed $10,000,000 Pootung Tramline, according to the report of the special emissary sent here by the Ministry of Communications to investigate the proposed organisation. The rumor of Japanese interest originated from the fact that one of the principal promoters, Mr. Chen Ching-chang, is the compradore of the tea department of the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha.

The new line will extend over 40 li between Chuansha and Tungkadoo, Pootung, and will make it a specialty to transport fish from the coasting villages to Pootung and then to Shanghai.

An order for 32 passenger cars and 24 freight cars has been placed with Messrs. Nicholas Tsu Engineering Works. The rails are ordered from the Hanyang Iron Works, Hupeh. Offices for the new company have been established in Tungkadoo. One-fifth of the capital will be offered for public subscription.

Strike In New York Fails To Materialise

Threat To Call Out All Building Trade Workers Not Put In Effect

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

New York, February 10.—The threatened general strike in the building trade has not taken place.

Seattle, February 10.—The general strike has been officially called off. Fifty-four alien agitators have been sent to New York for deportation.

DIVINING ROD PERFORMS QUEER STUNTS IN TRIALS

Dr. Anderson Conducts Experiments Before Large Crowd At China Inland Mission

Physicians, surgeons, chemists, engineers, detectives, clergymen, scientific and professional men of various other classifications, as well as the merely curious, both foreign and Chinese—a crowd which filled to capacity the big meeting room at the China Inland Mission—gathered last evening to witness a demonstration of new usages for the "divining rod" as demonstrated by Dr. John A. Anderson of Taichowfu.

At the conclusion of the demonstration part of the crowd were disappointed, part were puzzled and part were fired with the theory of "electro-magnetic" rays and the urge for further experimentation on their own accounts. But most agreed that the performance of the wand in Dr. Anderson's hands was a curious phenomenon and one with a deep range of developmental possibilities.

The divining rod was captious last evening. In classifying metals for the demonstrator it unblushingly, and in the face of the assembled experts, announced gold to be silver, brass to be iron and aluminum as something else. On the other hand it also "called the turn" in the case of other metals and minerals unseen by Dr. Anderson which he experimented on. Though it made mistakes, it also registered about an equal number of accuracies. And if mistakes were made they were only natural, as Dr. Anderson pointed out, inasmuch as he has only been experimenting for a brief time and has thus not been able to work out a comprehensive table of indications.

Dr. Anderson's experiments began about three weeks ago, following a story told him by a fellow mission worker of how Australian engineers used the divining rod in the discovery of metals. His first practical experiment was the location of a bullet in a patient's body by means of the rod. Subsequent experimentation convinced him that practically every substance exercised an influence over the rod.

Dr. Anderson's theory is that the human body is a magnet, positive at one end and negative at the other, and that all substances throw off magnetic rays. By first freeing the body of latent rays by touching the hands to the feet and then touching, or placing the hand near the object to be experimented upon the rays from the latter pass through the body and influence the rod held in the hands, providing the hands are the positive end of the human magnet.

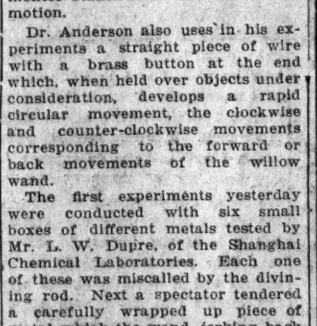
An ordinary forked twig, or two straight twigs tied at one end to form a V, the separate ends to be grasped with the two hands, forms the usual apparatus for experimentation. The hands are extended before the body, the V shaped wand inverted, and the free end moved backward or forward, or both backward and forward, a certain number of counts for each substance the rays of which are in operation. It is a curious thing, Dr. Anderson stated, that there is no effect of the rays upon the wand if the experimenter stands still. He must be in motion.

Dr. Anderson also uses in his experiments a straight piece of wire with a brass button at the end which, when held over objects under consideration, develops a rapid circular movement, the clockwise and counter-clockwise movements corresponding to the forward or back movements of the willow wand.

The first experiments yesterday were conducted with six small boxes of different metals tested by Mr. L. W. Dupre, of the Shanghai Chemical Laboratories. Each one of these was miscalled by the divining rod. Next a spectator tendered a carefully wrapped up piece of metal which the wand, jerking back and forth in Dr. Anderson's hands, exposed in its true character. The experimentation went on with varying results.

Dr. Anderson's list of formulas to date comprises the counts for some 50 or 60 substances, which he hopes to extend. According to his experiments sex also is distinguishable by the diving rod.

BRISTLES



SKINS

Born 1915—Still existing

LECTURE THIS AFTERNOON AT ROYAL ASIATIC HALL

Mr. Robert R. Tatlock Will Talk On Russian Revolution At Public Meeting

Mr. Robert R. Tatlock, of the Friends' War Victims Relief Committee, will deliver a lecture before the North China Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society this afternoon on "Through the Russian Revolution."

Mr. Tatlock was engaged in relief work in Russia before the downfall of the Russian throne and was in Russia during the revolution. He has recently arrived here from Siberia.

The meeting, which is to be held in the Lecture Room of the Society, on Museum Road, will start at five o'clock and will be open to the public.

Jewish Project For State In Palestine Submitted In Paris

Definite Proposal To Establish Commonwealth Filed With Peace Conference

(American Press Wireless)

Paris, February 10.—A definite proposal has been filed before the Peace Conference favoring the eventual formation of a Jewish commonwealth in Palestine, as already suggested by the American Jewish Congress. The document is signed by representatives of the World Zionist Organisation, the Zionist Organisation of America, the Zionist Organisation of Russia and on behalf of the Jews in Palestine. These organisations are represented in Paris by Jacob De Haas and Bernard Flekner. In Paris now, en route from Palestine with the Zionist Commission are Dr. Harry Pozedenwald, of Baltimore; Mr. Oberszold, of Washington; Mr. Louis Robison, of New York; Mr. Rudolph Sonneborn, of Baltimore, and Dr. Rubinow, of New York. The last is director of the Zionist medical unit.

Where Does the Money Go?

Even the average man lets a lot of money slip away in a lifetime.

Make no mistake—every dollar thoughtlessly squandered will sometime be NEEDED, and every dollar laid away in the bank will one day come handy.

Have a SAVINGS account. Add something to it from time to time.

If you do, it will soon take on SIZE. In time it will make you a master among men.

THE AMERICAN-ORIENTAL BANKING CORPORATION
15 Nanking Road

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory
No. 4 Canton Road

PEKING SOCIETY TO WORK FOR A LEAGUE OF NATIONS

Resolutions Embodying Views To Be Cabled To Chinese Delegate In Paris

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, February 12.—A meeting of the League of Nations Society was held today at the Law College, Wang Ta-hsieh presiding. Nearly a thousand persons attended, including eighty members of Parliament. A Board of Directors was appointed consisting of Liang Chi-chiao, Wang Ta-hsieh, Wang Chung-hui, Hsiung Hsi-ling, Chang Chien, Wang I-tang, Liang Shih-yi, Wang Ching-hsiang, Ling Chang-ming and Li Shen-to.

Ling Chang-ming pointed out that the Balkans caused the great war. Now the Balkans have been placed on a satisfactory footing and the Far East has become the danger spot. The object of the Society would be to prevent Far Eastern questions embroiling the world in another war.

The following resolutions were adopted:

(1) This Society favors the principle of a League of Nations and is prepared to support it in every way;

(2) This Society favors China's entry into the League;

(3) That representation in the League should be according to the populations of the various countries;

(4) The League of Nations should reduce the armed forces of the world;

(5) International disputes should be referred to the League, which would enforce its decrees upon recalcitrant nations;

(6) The League should have a Supreme Law Court whose decisions should be carried out by the League;

(7) A general code of international law should be compiled, subject to revision as required;

(8) The League should guarantee national independence and territorial integrity;

(9) All treaties should be approved by the League before ratification and filed by the League.

It transpired that during the meeting Mr. Wellington Koo had been appointed Chinese representative of the Committee of the League of Nations and the above resolutions will be telegraphed to him.

SILBERMAN

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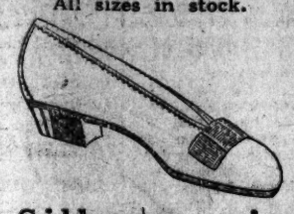

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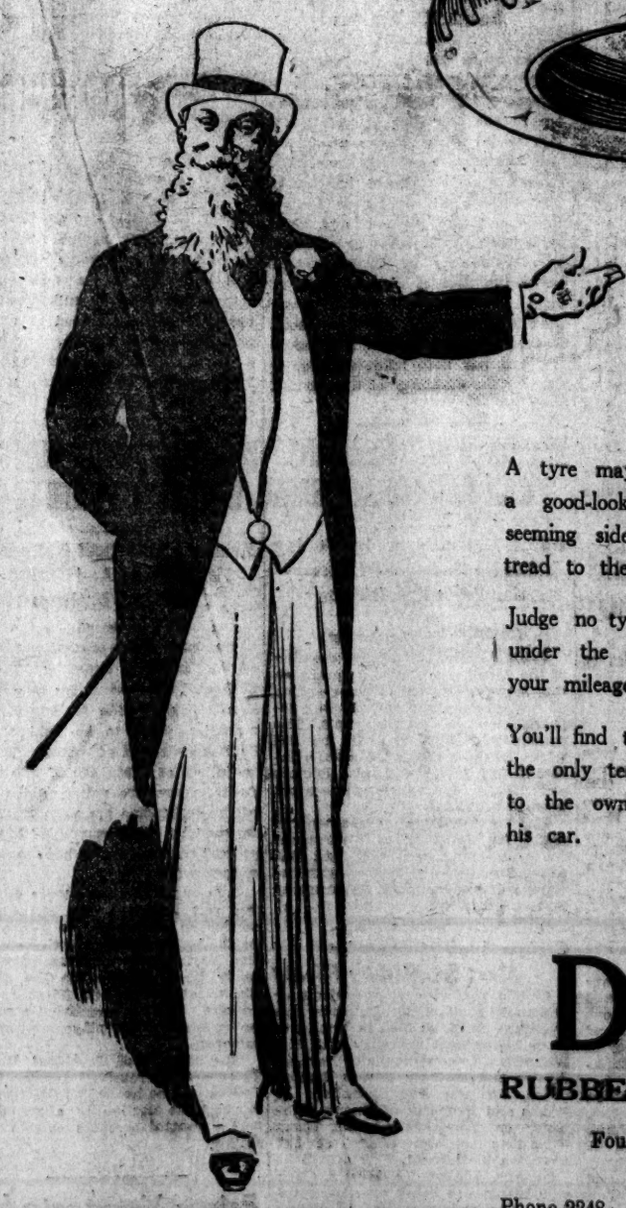

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Protectorate For Armenia Advocated By War Worker

Control By United States Or Great Britain Is Suggested By Lecturer at Royal Asiatic Society

Control of Armenia by either the United States or Great Britain was urged by Mr. E. St. John Catchpool, war worker here from the Caucasian front, before the Royal Asiatic Society yesterday afternoon. The advocacy of a protectorate for the people who have been submitted to persecution and deprivation by the Turks came after a graphic description of experiences in war relief in Flanders, Russia and the Caucasus.

"Turkish rule must never again be established for Armenia," asserted the speaker, as he argued that an Armenian republic would be rent by internal religious strife and advocated protection by either the United States or Great Britain.

Mr. Catchpool described his work with the British Red Cross in Flanders in the autumn of 1914, the helplessness of relief workers following the first gas attack by the Germans at the second battle of Ypres and the means taken by the French to decrease the loss of life from long range guns, which the Germans started to use at that time.

The speaker was at Dunkirk, 25 miles behind the fighting front, when the Germans started shelling the city from Dixmude. The rapidity with which the big gun was put under cover after discharge caused the French to establish almost instantaneous communication with Dunkirk from advanced observation stations.

As soon as the gun was seen by observers an electric button was pressed and immediately gongs were rung in various parts of Dunkirk, allowing the people to gain shelter thirty seconds before the shell landed.

Experiences with the British Red Cross in front line trenches were related and the speaker then discussed relief work in Russia. He was ordered to Russia in the spring of 1916 and was active in the establishment of a bureau at Moscow where peasants, seeking refuge from the advancing German armies, could obtain news of relatives.

He then went to the Caucasus, going from Samara to Tiflis after the relief party had established hospitals, orphanages and bureaus at Samara.

The people, topography and industries of the Caucasus were described, the speaker using a map to show the location of the various peoples and industries.

He showed how the people and the country were neglected by officials of the old regime and expressed the belief that this persistent neglect caused the Bolshevik outbreak which resulted in the collapse of Russia as an ally.

The city of Baku, with its tremendous oil industry; Mt. Ararat, Tiflis, the great irrigation systems established in the regions and the customs and religions of the peoples of the country were described.

"The Caucasus is the gateway of the East and West," said the speaker.

After outlining some of the history of the Armenian people, Mr. Catchpool told of the persecutions to which the Armenians were subjected after Abdul Hamid's rise to power.

"After forming a bulwark, with the Georgians, for centuries against Mohammedanism, they were then brought under Turkish rule," said the lecturer. "From that day, prosperity ceased in Armenia for the instant that prosperity favored the people, it was immediately taxed out of existence."

Discussing the future of the country, Mr. Catchpool expressed the belief that a republic would not be feasible unless the Kurds and Mussulmen could inhabit a specific locality with the Christians occupying another. The bitter religious feeling would not allow unity in a representative government.

CONSUMERS KNOW LITTLE OF ELECTRIC POWER COST

Imagined Inability To Fathom Unfamiliar Terms In Accounts Is Cause, Says Expert

"It is a remarkable fact that singular apathy is shown alike by foreigners and Chinese concerning the system of charging upon which their accounts are based," said Mr. C. S. Taylor in reading a paper of "Notes Upon the Application of Electric Power" before the Engineering Society of China Tuesday afternoon.

"It may be argued," the author continued, "that this is flattering evidence of faith in those responsible for the sale of electric energy. It is to be feared, however, that it is more usually due to an imagined inability to fathom the mythical mystery associated with 'kilowatts' and similar unfamiliar terms."

The lecturer cited instances of firms whose monthly bills for electric power run into thousands of taels and which have given indisputable evidence that they have not the remotest idea concerning the computing of their accounts, a state of affairs not tending to promote that confidence in the economical operation of industrial plants which is so desirable if true comparisons are to be drawn with other power methods and business is to be extended as a result of such investigation.

In the forepart of his interesting paper Mr. Taylor spoke of the growing adoption of electricity as an economical operating power and enumerated its advantages, especially with the adoption of public supply, when a constantly available operating medium is available with minimum capital expenditure, giving opportunity for the establishment of flourishing industries even under depressing financial circumstances.

STRANGE MURDER STORY TOLD IN MIXED COURT

Servant Of Merchant Declares Steamer Employe Pushed His Master Overboard

A peculiar murder case was heard by Assessor Spiker and Magistrate Li in the Mixed Court yesterday when one Tsz Ah-foh, a "tea boy" on the steamship Tuckwo, appeared on the charge of killing a resident of Toongchow, named Chen Yun-ding, on February 8 by pushing him off the ship.

The charge is based on the story told by the Toongchow man's servant. This man's evidence was to the effect that his master, on the date named, boarded the Tuckwo at Toongchow, coming out to the vessel in a sampan. He was carrying a package containing $400 in silver and had a further $500 in a small basket. The servant states that the accused assisted in putting the luggage on board. The servant saw his master come aboard and then went to another part of the ship. When he returned, he said, he saw the accused push some man over the rail. Subsequently his master could not be found. When he first told the story here the servant stated that he had made a report of the matter while aboard ship but when police officials saw the captain he said he had heard nothing of the matter before.

Mr. F. W. Hadley appeared for the family of the supposedly murdered man and asked that when a prima facie case had been made out the accused be handed over to the Toongchow authorities.

It was stated that no trace of the body had been found.

The court remanded the case for the British Assessor, the Tuckwo being a British ship, and stated that in case the British Assessor did not care to take over the hearing the court then sitting would hear further evidence in the matter.

During the hearing of the evidence yesterday it was stated that the captain of the ship, when seen here, reported that on the last trip up two bristle merchants had disappeared. When last seen the two were seen standing near two soldiers. These latter were held and questioned but as there was no further evidence against them they were subsequently dismissed.

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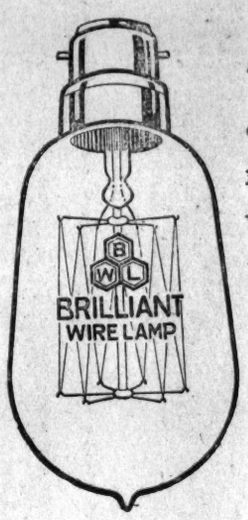

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CZECHO-SLOVAKS HERE OFFICIALLY REGISTERED

Mr. Jedlicka Receiving Names In Accordance With Agreement With French Consulate

Registration of Czecho-Slovak residents of Shanghai began yesterday, nearly a score of those claiming Czecho-Slovak citizenship calling on Mr. C. Jedlicka, who has been appointed delegate of the new republic and is supervising the registration.

Arrangements for the registration of Czecho-Slovak citizens were completed here with the French Consular authorities recently by General Stephanie, Minister of War for the Czecho-Slovak Republic, who passed through Shanghai on his way to France. Under the arrangement those registered will come under the protection of the French Consulate, in the same way that residents of other nations not represented by local consuls become proteges of various other consulates. Mr. Jedlicka, who possesses singular qualifications for the task, was appointed by the Consulate to supervise the registration. Strict care is being exercised in compiling the register and only those with undoubted qualifications of citizenship are registered. The character and previous war sentiments of applicants are also thoroughly considered and persons of post-peace German leanings are carefully eliminated from the list.

Mr. Jedlicka estimates that there are between 40 and 50 residents who are properly qualified citizens of the Czecho-Slovak Republic and anticipates that these will all have registered within a short time. They are mostly families now permanently established here.

In addition to acting as registrar Mr. Jedlicka is authorised to issue provisional passports to Czecho-Slovak nationals, pending approval by Mr. Girsa, of Vladivostok, the officially delegated Czecho-Slovak representative for the Far East. Mr. Jedlicka's office is in the Union Building, 4 The Bund.

Tuan The Republican; Japan Please Note

A Presidential Mandate has been issued setting aside July 3 as a national holiday in commemoration of General Tuan Chi-jui's march from Machang, Chihli, against the monarchists under General Chang Hsun, 1918.

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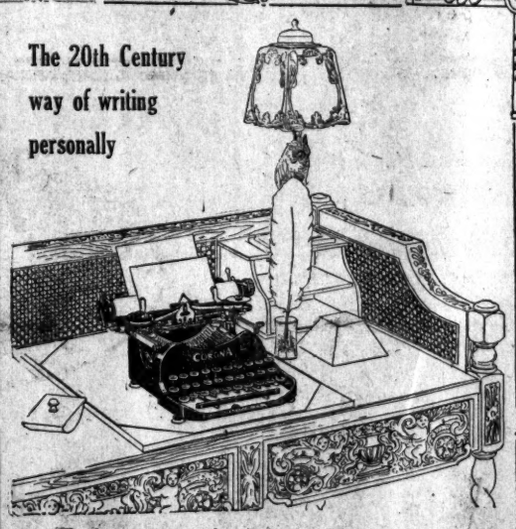
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CHU CHI-CHIEN IS URGED TO COME TO SHANGHAI

Delay In Peace Conference Hurting China, Says Tang Shao-yi

Mr. Tang Shao-yi, chief Southern delegate, yesterday sent the following message to the chief Northern peace delegate, Chu Chi-chien, in Nanking:

"Official copies of the Conference Regulations mutually entrusted some days ago to Delegate Wang Yu-ling for conveyance to you to sign have, I presume, duly received that attention. The public, both Chinese and foreign, is impatiently expecting the Conference to open at once. Every day of delay increases the harm done and defers the solution of the questions at issue between the North and the South. I have, therefore, directed Messrs. Wang Chao-ming and Lu Shun to repair to Nanking personally to escort you and your associates, to Shanghai, at the earliest possible moment so as to enable the fixing of a date for opening the Conference. Your coming is, therefore, anxiously awaited."

British Miners Get Government Reply

Appointment Of Committee To Decide Whole Future Of Industry Is Proposed

(Reuter's Agency War Service)

London, February 11.—The Government's reply to the demands made by the Miners' Federation has been issued today. With regard to the demand for a six-hour day, the reply states that, while the Government sympathises with the desire of workers for an improved standard of life, it must, in considering increases in the cost of production in trades whose products form the stable of other occupations, think also of the consequences upon the general trade situation.

It therefore proposes that a strong representative committee on which miners shall be represented should inquire into this matter and also into the following other matters, namely, the cost of production and distribution of coal; selling prices and profits and the question whether coal mining should be continued on its present basis or under joint control or be nationalised.

With regard to the demand for increased wages, the Government is willing to add to the present war bonus a shilling per day, which is equal to the rise in prices since January last year and to refer the other demands in connection with wages to the aforementioned committee.

The Government asks the miners to regard this reply as a clear indication of its intention to meet them in every possible way.

In connection with the demands regarding demobilised miners, the Government states that this must obviously be considered in relation to the general question of demobilisation. It is the Government's considered view that it is impossible to give demobilised miners different terms from those of other demobilised workers.

GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP IS OPPOSED BY GOMPERS

Likely To Restrict Right Of Workers To Organise, He Says

(American Press Wireless)

Paris, February 10.—Mr. Gompers, interviewed, said that he was not impressed by the wisdom of Government ownership of railways. Discussing the proposal for a Railroad Brotherhood, he said that the plan submitted was probably as good as any there is.

The greatest danger to freedom indeed was the attempted denial by the Government of the right of organisation or association. The Government has frequently attempted and in some instances carried such action.

Mr. Gompers cited the orders of Roosevelt and Taft, denying the workers the right of organised activity. Continuing, Mr. Gompers said, "Because a man enters the service of his Government it is too often thought that he surrenders his right of citizenship. No one has greater veneration for institutions than I have, and I have apprehensions regarding the placing of too much power in the hands of the Government."

'Peter Pan' Played By School Girls

The girls of the Shanghai Public School gave the opening performance of "Peter Pan" at the Lyceum Theater yesterday afternoon in aid of the Siberian Relief Funds in a way that reflected great credit on the organisers.

Distribution of prizes by Dr. Ivy to the successful pupils preceded the performance. Dr. Ivy in his address strongly advised the cultivation of taste for education. He said that in the great war just over thousands of Allied men and women who were anxious to do their duty to their country had been turned down because they were wanting in efficiency, and he exhorted the girls of the Shanghai Public School to cultivate efficiency, so that in after life they could meet their responsibilities. In conclusion he gave a vivid description of the suffering and misery of thousands of men, women and children in Siberia, as told to him by an eye-witness.

The production itself was admirable. Miss Dorothy Pearson made an excellent "Peter Pan" and was well supported by the rest of the cast. Worthy of special mention was the pirate ship scene. The children's enunciation was faultless and the whole production testified to the thoroughness of the rehearsals. The piece had to be somewhat abbreviated owing to the lateness of the hour. The play will be repeated this afternoon and next Wednesday. The cast follows:

Peter Pan.....Dorothy Pearson
Mrs. Darling....Mrs. R. F. C. Master
Mr. Darling.....Mr. H. Langley
Their Children:
Wendy .....Emily Simons
John .....Gladys Pearson
Michael .....Ariel French
Nana, the Dog Nurse...Anna Pearson
Liza, the only servant.....Nora Day
Lost Boys:
Tootles .....Sarita Remedios
Nibs .....Lily Jenssen
Slightly .....Edith Grant
Curly .....Jessie Farquarson
1st Twin.....Sarah Tuttelman
2nd Twin.....Gertrude Cohen
The Pirates (the enemies of the lost boys):
Captain Hook.....Olivia Remedios
1st. Lieut. Starkey.....Edna Cock
2nd Lieut. Smee Cecco.....
Gladys Pote-Hunte
Alf. Mason.....Vera Diercks
Geo. Scourie .....Gladys Champion
Chas. Turley.....Juliet Soloman
Alsatian Foggerty....Gwen. Rowland
Bill Jukes.....Leonora Woglemuth
Skylights .....Susie Levis
.....Gretta Box
Indians (friends of the lost boys):
Tiger Lily .....Fanny Mahon
Great Big Little Panther.....
Lily Weinberg
Lean Wolf.....Daisy Dunn
Storm Cloud.....Violet Levis
Silver Water.....Geraldine Remedios
Red Fawn.....Kitty Moosa
Little Bear.....Winifred Levis
Pearl Feather.....Kitty Petiqura
The Fairy Dance (directed by Miss Newcomb): Eileen Millard, the Misses Jedlicka, Violet Hamilton, Marjorie Aveyard, Bobbie Peppercorn, Joyce Wheeler, Irene Carduner.
Scenery and Stage Settings.....
Mrs. Denham
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Orchestrating and Conducting Band
Mr. R. B. Hurry
Program.....Mrs. E. C. Pearce
Lighting .....Mr. Ageson
Stage Manager.....Miss Rasmussen

The prize list was as follows:

St. George's Prize:—(Given by the Shanghai Branch of the Royal Society of St. George to the "best scholar of English nationality.")—Greta Box.

St. Andrew's Prize:—(Given by the St. Andrew's Society to each competitor at their annual examination).—Anna Pearson.

The D. E. J. Abraham Prize:—(Given by Mr. D. E. J. Abraham, and awarded as the first prize for English).—Emily Day.

The Thorne Prizes:—(The Thorne Prizes for English Essay founded in memory of the late Mr. Cornelius, Thorne).—1, Bella Whitgob; 2, L. Nobiston.

Art:—(Founded by the late Mr. F. M. Gratton, F.R.I.B.A., M.S.A.).—Lily Turner.

Shorthand:—(Founded by the late Mr. D. C. Jansen).—Lily Turner.

Form:—VI., D. Whynne; V.U., E. Day; V.L., A. Soyka; IV. 1, E. Soelberg; 2, J. Solomon; III.U., 1, G. Box; 2, M. Foox; W. E. Armistead. III. L., 1, G. Pearson; 2, N. Diercks; W., L. Beesley. II., 1, G. Nesvadba; 2, F. Zellensky; W. G. Fredericks. I., 1, E. Concoff; 2, E. Farquarson; 3, E. Macrae.

Writing:—1, J. Farquarson; 2, C. Hibbard; 3, D. Focken; Hon. Men., H. Stuart and C. Pearson.

Georgraphy:—1, D. Whynne; 2, E. Smith.

History:—1, E. Mackintosh; 2, E. Soelberg; Hon. Men., G. Netherton; L. Nobiston.

Spelling:—1, L. Nobiston; 2, E. Simons; 3, L. Kane.

Nature Study:—G. Box; Hon. Men., P. Ellison; D. Focken; E. Champion.

English:—VI., A. Remedios; V.U., Hon. Men., E. Smith; IV., L. Nobiston; Hon. Men., G. Spiegler; J. Solomon; III.U., G. Box, Hon. Men., K. Foox; III.L., E. Grant, Hon. Men., E. Simons; II., F. Zellensky, Hon. Men., G. Nesvadba; I., D. Turner.

French:—1, E. Day; 2, E. Soelberg, 3, L. Nobiston; Hon. Men., D. Dunn, G. Remedios.

Physiology:—E. Smith.

German:—1, A. Soyka; 2, J. Wegener; Hon. Men., E. Soelberg; M. Foox.

Examination:—E. Smith; Hon. Men., D. Whynne; E. Soelberg; G. Box.

Religious Knowledge:—D. Whynne: Hon. Men., E. French; G. Box.

General Knowledge:—M. Mackintosh; Hon. Men., J. Solomon.

Arithmetic:—1, B. Whitgob; 2, P. Foox; 3, C. Spiegler; Hon. Men., S. Levis; G. Nesvadba; G. Stuart; F. Cock.

Cookery:—E. Ward.

Needlework:—1, E. Ward; 2, A. Wegener; 3, M. Cohen; Hon. Men., C. Remedios; G. Pearson; W. Fourmanents.

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1916 Senior:—M. Bojeson.

Junior:—E. Levis, E. Pearson, D. Whynne.

1917 Juniors:—H. Mackintosh, A. Moses, P. Foox, L. Turner, E. Turner, E. Day, E. Smith.

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Obituary

Mr. Woo Kee-may,

Mr. Woo Kee-may, compradore of the Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger and vice-president of the International Recreation Club, passed away at his residence Wednesday afternoon, following a short attack of pneumonia.

Mr. Woo was one of the first organisers of the Chinese Company, S.V.C., of which he was an active member for a considerable period after its establishment. Two of his elder sons are also actively interested in the unit, Mr. B. Y. Woo being a lieutenant and Mr. George Woo sergeant-major. Mr. Woo had two other sons.

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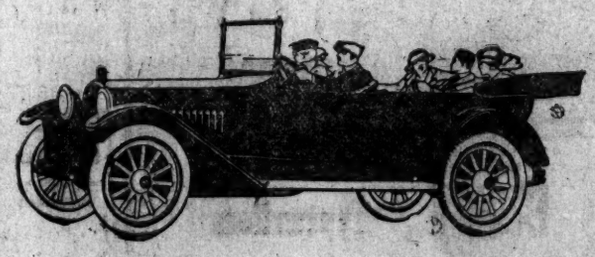

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BLUES AND ROWING CLUB VICTORS IN LEAGUE GAMES

Defeat Navy And Reds Last Night; No Changes In Standings Of Teams

STANDING OF THE TEAMS

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Y.M.C.A. Blues	6	2	.750
Rowing Club	5	2	.714
Training School	4	2	.666
American School	2	3	.400
Y.M.C.A. Reds	1	4	.200
U.S. Navy	1	6	.143

Tomorrow's Game

Training School vs. American School at Y.M.C.A.

Victories for the Y.M.C.A. Blues and Rowing Club quintets allowed no changes in the standing of teams in the Shanghai Amateur Basketball League race. The Blues took the Navy into camp by a 47-12 score while the Rowing Club won from the Y.M.C.A. Reds 39-22. Both games were played at the Y.M.C.A. gymnasium last night and attracted a big crowd.

With two stars, Swenson and Swan, out of the Reds lineup, the Rowing Club had an easier time with the Y.M.C.A. five. The Reds staged a great battle, though, and it was Neprud's great shooting that cinched the win for the Rowing Club. The tall center netted 25 of his team's 39 points. The Reds played a defensive game, the guards playing sensational basketball at times. McCloy was the mainstay of the offence.

Morris Star For Navy

The Blues still maintained the championship gait and many figure the team to come through in the top berth because of the two defeats over the Rowing Club. Last night's win from the Navy came without much trouble, Morris being the only stumbling block in the Blues' way. The final score was 47-12.

All the winning scores were contributed by Nichols, Hening and Glauque.

The figures:

Rowing Club (39)	Red (22)
Rodger, lf.	Wilner, lf.
Scott, rf.	McCloy, rf.
Neprud, c.	Starrett, c.
Haskell, lg.	Geldart, lg.
Little, rg.	Adamson, rg.

Goals from floor—Rodger, 8; Scott, 4; Neprud, 11; Wilner, 2; McCloy, 5; Starrett, Geldart. Goals from fouls—Neprud, 3; McCloy, 3; Starrett. Referee—Bradley. Scorer—Wong. Timer—McCracken. Time—two 20-minute periods.

Blues (47)	U.S. Navy (12)
Nichols, lf.	Pearson, lf.
Hening, rf.	Morris, rf.
Glauque, c.	Becker, c.
Bradley, lg.	Weimer, lg.
Kay, lg.	
Siler, rg.	Ellern, rg.
Roberts, rg.	

Goals from floor—Nichols, 8; Hening, 5; Glauque, 9; Morris, 5; Pearson. Goals from fouls—Nichols, 3. Referee—Kline. Umpire—Hoh. Scorer—Wong. Timer—McCracken. Time—two 20-minutes periods.

Shanghai Harriers' Club

The Shanghai Harriers' Club will run off a five-mile Road Handicap tomorrow afternoon, the start being made from the Jessfield Hotel, Jessfield Road, at 3 o'clock. A good list of entries has been received for this event and surprises are not unlikely to be sprung by some of the younger members.

The handicap is being framed by Mr. J. A. S. Alves and Mr. H. D. Rodger will act as referee. Members of the Club are asked to meet outside the Astor House at 2:15 p.m. in order to proceed to the starting point together.

News Brevities

Dr. R. S. Ivy, having been duly nominated by landowners, is considered elected as Land Commissioner for the Municipal year 1919, according to a municipal notification published today.

* * *

The Empress of Russia, due at Hongkong today, will arrive tomorrow, according to cable advices received yesterday by the local agency of the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd.

* * *

The exhibition of embroidery and handwork of the Ming Sung Girls' School, 6 Zung Woo Lee, Avenue Joffre, was closed yesterday. A large number of foreign as well as Chinese spectators journeyed out to see the display. The Ming Sung School was established by Miss Y. N. Woo in 1912 and consists of the preliminary and professional deparments. Eighty students were enrolled last term. The Spring term will begin Monday. Mr. Hsü Chien, Minister of Justice of the Canton Government, is one of the directors of the school.

* * *

The Rev. C. L. Boynton, statistical secretary of the China Continuation Committee, will address the American Song Service Sunday afternoon at the Palace Hotel, at 5 p.m. Mrs. Frank D. Drake will sing.

* * *

Armed robbers entered the dwelling house at 43 Amoy Road early last evening and stole $1,200 in money and jewelry. Two of the gang covered the residents with pistols while others looted the house.

* * *

A Chinese employed by the Commercial Press was sentenced to 18 months' imprisonment by the Mixed Court yesterday for theft of two checks, one on the International Bank for $200 and another on the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank for $169.50. The accused, who was employed in the department where letters are received and chopped, was arrested when he tried to cash the larger check, payment on which had been stopped.

* * *

Two Chinese received sentences of three months and one month respectively in the Mixed Court yesterday for theft of an overcoat belonging to Mr. Hayley Morriss from his carriage as it stood before the International Bank.

* * *

Germans and Austrians started their daily registration programs at the various police stations throughout the Settlement yesterday. Every enemy subject registering was given a copy of General Lu's proclamation which announces deportation plans.

* * *

Physicians attending Mr. Gilbert Petree have decided that it will be necessary to amputate his leg at the knee. The operation will be performed Tuesday morning.

* * *

Twenty-five Chinese, arrested in a raid at 378 Foochow Road last night, will be charged with gambling at the Mixed Court this morning.

* * *

W. Hodds of the Savoy Hotel was fined 10 shillings yesterday in the British Police Court for assaulting a Dutch pianist named Dirk Neelweyer when the latter refused to play an encore last Friday at the hotel. A similar charge brought by another musician named Emile Bouffiaer was dismissed.

* * *

Captain R. Ritchie arrived in Shanghai yesterday.

* * *

All Englishmen are invited to attend the annual general meeting of the Royal Society of St. George at the Shanghai General Chamber of Commerce on March 6 at 5:30 p.m.

* * *

Grace High School, Pont Ste. Catherine, will celebrate the thirtieth anniversary of its founding Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Judge Charles S. Lobingier of the United States Court for China will deliver the principal address. Moving pictures will be screened in the evening at 7:30 o'clock.

* * *

A meeting of the non-commissioned officers and men of the American Company, S.V.C., will be held at the United States Court for China tonight at 8:30 o'clock.

* * *

The Yokohama Specie Bank announces it has opened an agency in Batavia.

* * *

The Commercial Press Correspondence School has issued a bulletin concerning its work which may be obtained on application at its office.

* * *

The Messageries Maritimes liner Andre Lebon left Colombo yesterday and is expected to arrive at Shanghai March 4, according to cable advices received by the local agency of the line here.

Allies Disagree Over Armistice

(Continued from Page 1)

been signed, leaving details to be worked out later. This situation has been provided owing to the consideration of the armistice renewal, but undoubtedly its accomplishment will be followed by the raising of the blockade and the restoration of the world to peace status as soon as its terms are finally carried out. The renewed armistice will also dissipate the clouds of a fresh war scare and when France's financial and industrial problems are worked out and the League of Nations plan is adopted, the chief business of the Conference will have been performed. The British deny connection with the report that the Peace Conference may be removed from Paris. It it believed that the cessation of the French newspapers' attacks on some of President Wilson's policies will settle difficulties.

To Protect France

The Supreme War Council, in which are Marshal Foch and other military commanders, together with the Council of Great Powers, today continued the discussion of new terms for renewing the German armistice without reaching a decision. The discussion of the armistice took a wide range, including Germany's failure to execute some clauses of the previous agreements.

Drastic designs will be made to place the enemy beyond possibility of returning and renewing the conflict. From the French standpoint, the menace of such renewal is not passed and it is urged as a matter of foresight that suitable safeguards be established. Exactly what these are has not been disclosed, but they are generally understood to include limitation of the production of field and heavy artillery and exact accounting for heavy guns now on hand, also limitation of military organisation to the needs of the police service. While some military commanders take the view that radical measures are nedeed to assure the Allies, particularly France, against the possibilities of renewed peril, yet other views tend towards reliance on economic measures as the best means of averting any possible renewal of enemy activity.

Preliminary Peace Treaty

Paris, February 10.—Out of the discussions now in progress there is likely to arise an arrangement which will give the renewed armistice terms the status of a preliminary peace treaty with Germany. The armistice expires on the 17th. Confident belief is expressed that if certain proposals are accepted by the Supreme War Council, existing differences between the Allies will be straightened out.

One difficulty arose over a proposal for neutralising both sides of the Rhine and giving Essen over to Allied control. Some objections were raised to this on the ground that subjects not included in the first armistice cannot be introduced in the new arrangement. The Americans do not oppose the reducing of the German army to a fixed figure, which is under discussion by the War Council, or the taking of other measures to make Germany impotent militarily, but commend that the terms in this connection should be definite.

There is growing belief that these matters will be arranged satisfactorily, thus ending the French war scare and laying the foundation for lifting the German blockade and restoring conditions to normal. The developments may allay American indignation over the French press propaganda and cause the abandonment of the proposal to hold the Peace Conference outside France.

One difficulty that is still unsettled arises over a proposal from the Armistice Commisson that unless Germany complies immediately with all the armistice terms, the German army shall be reduced to negligible strength and additional territory be occupied. It is learned tonight that the British are not a party to the proposal to remove the Conference elsewhere.

MACBETH, PAWSEY & Co.

LEATHER GAUNTLET GLOVES

HEAVILY LINED AND VERY WARM

When soiled or greasy, may be washed with soap and water. They will dry soft and pliable.

Excellent for Motorists

MACBETH, PAWSEY & Co.

THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION

KAIPING Coke Coal

For all Industrial and Household Purposes

Offices: No. 1 Jinkee Road, Shanghai

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SANITARY - WATERPROOF - ROTPROOF

龍飛 The Shanghai Horse Bazaar and Motor Co., Ltd. 龍飛

(Established 1851)

SOLE AGENTS FOR:

Automobiles Berliet, Lyon..... Berliet Cars
The Studebaker Corporation of America..... Studebaker Cars
F. B. Stearns Co., Cleveland, O. Stearns-Knight Cars
Scripps-Booth Corporation, Detroit..... Scripps-Booth Cars
Fabbrica Italian Automobili Torino..... Fiat Cars

Arrangements were made some time ago for monthly deliveries of the above mentioned cars.

ALSO SOLE AGENTS FOR

The Prest-O-Lite Co., Indianapolis..Storage batteries
Stewart-Warner Speedometer Corp. Chicago..... Stewart produce

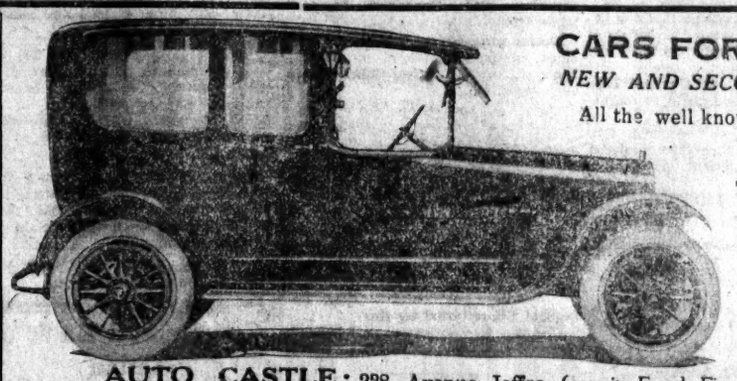
Large stocks of all kinds of motor accessories and supplies

龍飛 All kinds of Automobile repairs undertaken 龍飛

Owners of the largest and best equipped COACH-BUILDING WORKS in the Far East which designs and constructs all types of bodies, from commercial vans to luxurious pleasure cars. Estimates prepared free of char

TELEPHONES:

General Office No. West 1248. Garage Nos. West 1202, and West 1213



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NEW AND SECONDHAND

All the well known makes

2, 4, 6 & 8 Cylinde

TRIAL TRIPS may be arranged by appointment

Phone: Central 402

AUTO CASTLE: 228, Avenue Joffre (opposite French Fire Station)

SCIENTIFIC EYE TESTING

Refracting and Manufacturing

TORIC LENSES

Accurate lens grinding. Sun Glasses and Goggles.

THE NATIONAL OPTICAL CO.

69 Nanking Rd.—Tel. Cent. 1243

(Two doors above Honan Rd.)

BURGLARY AND THEFT

in the Foreign Settlements may be guarded against by Insuring Your Property with the

Java Sea and Fire Insurance Co.

8B. KIUKIANG ROAD. TEL. 70

LIBERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

WOLFRAMITE ORE

For Sale

Ready Cargo

Apply: China-America Trading Corporation

Agents for

Nan Hua Wolfram Mining Co.

(Mr. B. G. Yung, 3 Ningpo Road)

Better Light Lighter Bills

If Metal lamps are used to replace Carbon lamps, THREE times as much light may be obtaind for the same expenditure of electricity.

PRICES OF LAMPS

Candle Power	Price
16, 25, 32 and 50	Tls. 0.40 each
.....	„ 0.85 „ „
200	„ 2.50 „

Lamps obtainable at above prices from

MUNICIPAL ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT

Showrooms: 471-2 Nanking Road. Tel. Central 2660.

Gold Flake

A Cigarette of Virginia Tobacco in airtight tins containing fifty cigarettes.

SOLD EXCLUSIVELY BY:

TUNG TAI & COMPANY, 3273 SEWARD ROAD.

TABAQUERIA FILIPINA, 34 NANKING ROAD.

WING TAI, 20 HONAN ROAD.

THE PALACE TOBACCO STORE, 1C=NANKING ROAD.

For the smoker who prefers a mild Turkish Blend we recommend

FATIMA

"The Sensible Cigarette"

This advertisement is issued by the British-American Tobacco Co., Ltd.

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital	£1,200,000
Reserve Fund	2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	1,200,000

Head Office:
38 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminister Bank, Limited.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Iloilo	Puket
Bangkok	Ipoh	Rangoon
Batavia	Karachi	Saigon
Bombay	Klang	Seremban
Calcutta	Kobe	Singapore
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Shanghai
Cebu	Madras	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Taiping
Delhi	Medan	(F. M. S.)
Haiphong	New York	Tavoy (Lower
Hankow	Peking	Burma)
Hongkong	Penang	Tientsin
	Yokohama	

Shanghai Branch 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

A. I. D. STEWART.
Manager.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE

Capital	Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserve	Frs. 50,000,000.00

Succarsales et Agences:

Bank..k	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Dondichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoete	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et commercial; Societe Generalle.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabex."

Capital	Yen 10,000,000
Head Office	Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.	

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtao, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

YOA YU,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital	$15,000,000
Reserve Funds:—	
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2s.	$15,000,000
Silver	19,500,000
	$34,500,000
Reserve liability of Proprietors	$15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak Chairman,
G. T. M. Edkins Esq., Deputy Chairman.
A. H. Compton Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.
C. S. Gubbay Esq.
Hon. Mr. D. Landale.
E. V. D. Parr Esq.
W. L. Pattenden Esq.
J. A. Plummer Esq.

Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. STABB.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala-Lumpur	S. Francisco
Calcutta	London	Shanghai
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Harbin	New York	Vladivostock
Iloilo	Peking	Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County and Westminister Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid)	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
	Kug. Tls.
Capital Contributed by the Chinese Government	3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: PETROGRAD.
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad Street, E.C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Sciete Generale pour favoriser le Development de Commerce et de l'Industrie en France, Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Lyons: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay	Hailar	Nicolayewsk
Chanchun	Hankow	O/Amur
(Kwan-chendze)	Harbin	Peking
Chefoo	Hongkong	Shanghai
Dairen	Manchouli	Tientsin
(Dalny)	Newchwang	Vladivostock
		Yokohama

85 Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars and Roubles. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Desposit Boxes.

L. JEZLERSKI,
G. CARRERE.
Managers for Asia.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

(Formerly The Chekiang Shing Nih Chartered Bank Ltd.)
Established 1907.

Paid-Up Capital	$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund	266,000.00

Head Office: Shanghai
14, Peking Road.
Managers' Office Central 2650
Tel.: General: Central 2613 & 2614

Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in taels and dollars according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Savings Account at 4% per annum.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent

SHU CHIN MIH, Sub-Manager,
SHEN CHU HSU, Manager.
O. C. YANG, Sub-Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital	$60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital	$12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund	$1,298,552.60
Special Reserve Fund	$1,898,923.68

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyua	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifong	Hankow
Changchun	Wuhu	Chang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dalny	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtau	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 HANKOW ROAD.

Loans granted on approved securities. Local Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts and Dollar Current Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum and on Fixed Deposits at the following rates:

For 3 months at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.
For 6 months at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum.
For 12 months at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum.

SUNG HAN-CHANG.
Manager.

Shanghai, 1st Nov., 1918.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund, and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

Subscribed Capital Sh. Tls.	5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital Sh. Tls.	2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:

For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4 % per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum
On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

行業華中 Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917.)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.
Head offices: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital	$2,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	$1,020,000

Managing Director:
SUN TAO SAN.

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities:

Tientsin	Chinkiang
Shanghai	Soochow
Peking	Wusieh
Hankow	Hangchow
Nanking	Ningpo
Yangchow	Shaohsing
Hsuchow	Canton
Pengpu	Hongkong
Changchun	Changteh
Antung	Chengchow
Kiukiang	
Tsinanfu	Tsiangpu

Agencies and Correspondents in foreign countries:
London: International Banking Corporation.
New York: International Banking Corporation.
San Francisco: International Banking Corporation.
Boston: American Express Company.
Tokio: Bank of Chosen.
Kobe: Bank of Chosen.
Osaka: Bank of Chosen.
Yokohama: Bank of Taiwan.
And also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
S.441 Ningpo Road.
Tel. Central 1929 Managers' Office.
Tel. Central 2618 General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager.
T. D. ZAR, Sub-Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Head Office:
National City Bank Building
55 Wall Street, New York.

Capital and Surplus	U.S. $6,500,000
Undivided Profits	U.S. $2,118,579.84

H. T. S. Green,
President & General Manager.
London Office:
36 Bishopsgate, E. C.
San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street.

Far Eastern Branches
China: Shanghai, Peking Tientsin, Hankow, Hongkong, Canton.
Japan: Yokohama, Kobe.
Philippines: Manila, Cebu.
India: Bombay, Calcutta.
Straits Settlements: Singapore.
Dutch East Indies: Batavia, Soerabaya.

West Indian and Central American Branches:
Republic of Panama: Panama, Colon.
Republic of Colombia: Medellin.
Dominican Republic: Santo Domingo, San Pedro de Macoris.
Santiago, Puerto Plata.

In addition to our own Branches, by reason of our close affiliation with *The National City Bank of New York* we are able to offer the facilities of its branches at Bahai, Buenos Aires, Caracas, Genoa, Havana, Montevideo, Moscow, Petrograd, Rio de Janeiro, San Juan, P. R., Santiago de Cuba, Santos, Sao Paulo Valparaiso, Vladivostock.

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits taken on rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H, C. GULLAND, Manager.
1a, Kiukiang Road.

The Bank of Canton, Limited.

Incorporated 1912.

Capital (fully paid	H.$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund	H.$ 240,000.00
Investment reserve fund	H.$ 40,000.00

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong.

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31st, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.
Agencies abroad: Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Szechuen Road.

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

H. TAO, Manager,
Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: YOKOHAMA JAPAN.

Capital Subscribed	Yen 48,000,000
Capital Paid-up	Yen 42,000,000
Reserve Fund	Yen 24,300,000

London Bankers:
The London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches and Agencies

Batavia	Los Angeles	Seattle
Bombay	London	Shanghai
Buenos Ayres	Lyons	Shimonoseki
Calcutta	Manila	Singapore
Changchun	Mukden	Sourabaya
Dalny	Nagasaki	Sydney
Hankow	Newchwang	Tientsin
Harbin	New York	Tokio
Hongkong	Osaka	Tsinanfu
Honolulu	Peking	Tsingtau
Kaiyuen	Rangoon	Valdivostock
Kobe	S. Francisco	

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital	Francs 45,000,000

one-third of the Capital, i. e., Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthellot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

HEAD OFFICE
74, RUE ST. LAZARE, PARIS.
Branches in Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hongkong, Saigon, Haiphong and Yunanfou

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generalle pour Favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.
London City & Midland Bank Ltd.
In New-York: Redmond & Co.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana Credito Italiano

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts
Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LION, Manager.

Banque Belge Pour l'Etranger

Filiale de la Societe Generale de Belgique
Societe Anonyme

Paid-Up Capital	Frs. 30,000,000

Head office: BRUSSELS.
London office: 2 Bishopsgate.
Branches at Peking, Tientsin Alexandria, Cairo (Egypt), and Rotterdam.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts Taels and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS, Manager for China.

ASIA BANKING CORPORATION

An American Bank

HEAD OFFICE
66 Liberty Street, New York

SHANGHAI BRANCH
15 Kiukiang Road

The Asia Banking Corporation offers an American Banking Service and respectfully solicits your patronage. It is organised especially for the purpose of fostering and developing trade between the Orient and the United States. The entire service, information and TIME of our bank, its staff and correspondents is at the disposal of our clients and their friends.

Interest allowed on current, fixed and saving accounts carried in Taels, Mexican Dollars, U.S. Gold, Sterling and Francs.

Foreign or local drafts purchased at best rates, or entered for collection.

Imports and exports financed.

Commercial credits established.

Drafts sold on, and telegraphic payments effected in, any part of the World.

VESSELS IN HARBOR AND AT WOOSUNG

Date		From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Sept.	16	— Japan	Matsu Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Oct.	1	— Japan	Meiho Maru	Jap.	
Oct.	22	—	Stasia	Am.	
Oct.	26	—	Shanghai	Chi.	M. & Co.
Nov.	2	— Singapore	Tosan Maru	Jap.	
Nov.	26	—	Meichuen	Am.	Socony.
Dec.	7	—	Kanju Maru	Jap.	M.B. Co.
Dec.	9	— Cruise	Likin	Chi.	Customs
Dec.	17	—	Shibechi Maru	Jap.	
Dec.	23	— Vladivostock	Michail	Rus.	R.V.F.
Dec.	31	— Japan	Taishun	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	4	— Chinwangtao	Feiching	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	13	—	S. von Koetei	Dut.	A.P. Co.
Jan.	14	—	Eleperanca	Am.	
Jan.	16	—	Tanho Maru	Jap.	S. Shokai
Jan.	16	—	Meihu	Am.	S. Oil Co.
Jan.	22	— Chinwangtao	Irene	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	22	—	Shingping	Chi.	
Jan.	23	— Foochow	Hsinchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	23	— Dalny	Toyo Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Jan.	23	—	Kiangping	Chi.	
Jan.	25	— Jaapn	Misaki Maru	Jap.	M.B. Co.
Jan.	26	— Chinwangtao	Upolu	Br.	K.M.A.
Jan.	26	—	Bolestrand	Am.	
Jan.	27	—	Taisho Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Jan.	28	— Japan	Santo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Jan.	28	—	C. of St. Helens	Am.	
Jan.	29	— Cruise	Liuhsing	Chi.	Customs
Jan.	30	—	Taitsu Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Jan.	31	— Cruise	Pacific	Dan.	G.N.T. Co.
Jan.	31	— Hongkong	Kwantah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Jan.	31	— Swatow	Kingsing	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Jan.	31	— Wenchow	Tungwah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Feb.	2	— Swatow	Esang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Feb.	3	— Tacoma, etc.	Grayson	Am.	B.A.T. Co.
Feb.	5	— Cruise	Chuentiao	Chi.	Customs
Feb.	6	— Hankow	Yohyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Feb.	7	— Hankow	Kiangyung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Feb.	7	— Hankow	Yungling Maru	Jap.	
Feb.	7	— Dalny	Yekishin Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Feb.	8	—	Yenoura Maru	Jap.	
Feb.	9	— Foochow	Kienhsin	Chi.	M. & Co.
Feb.	9	— Japan	Teiresias	Br.	B. & S.
Feb.	9	— Hankow	Tafoo Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Feb.	10	— Tsingtao	Teikai Maru	Jap.	S.T. Co.
Feb.	11	— Chefoo	Singan	Br.	B. & S.
Feb.	11	— Japan	Yamashiro Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Feb.	11	— Japan	Sinse Maru	Jap.	
Feb.	11	— London, etc.	Glenavy	Br.	Glen Line
Feb.	12	— Ningpo	Meinan	Am.	Socony.
Feb.	12	— V'stock, N'saki	Penza	Rus.	R.V.F.
Feb.	12	— Hankow	Talee Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Feb.	12	— Japan	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Feb.	12	— Japan	Choshu Maru	Jap.	
Feb.	12	— Japan	Yeiko Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Feb.	12	— Cruise	Store Nordiske	Dan.	G.N.T. Co.

The Shanghai Commercial and Savings Bank, Ltd.

9, NINGPO ROAD

Capital (Paid-up)	$600,000.00
Reserve Fund	$ 15,000.00
Deposits (Dec., 1918)	$3,400,000.00

Accounts carried in dollars, taels or foreign currencies.

Banking by Mail.

Credit granted on approved securities.

Drafts, both domestic and foreign, purchased or sold.

Exchange of dollars, taels and foreign currencies.

Pocket Savings Bank for saving small coins.

SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES for rent.

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

The Mercanile Bank of India, Ltd.

Authorised Capital	£1,500,000
Subscribed Capital	1,125,000
Paid-up Capital	562,500
Reserve Fund	659,000

HEAD OFFICE, 15 Gracechurch Street, LONDON, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis
Delhi	Kota Bahru	(Mauritius)
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Tael Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and an Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH Manager
26 The Bund.

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

STOCK	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B.	$700 B.
Chartered	£80 CNI
Russo-Asiatic	Tls. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	$405
North China	Tls. 120 B.
Union of Canton	$850
Yangtsze	$210 B.
Far Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.	Tls. 26 S.
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$158 B.
Hongkong Fire	$340 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def	$156
Indo-China Pref	
"Shell"	134/- B.
Shanghai Tug (o)	Tls. 33
Shanghai Tug (f)	Tls. 37½
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 9¾ B.
Oriental Cons	21/-
Raub	$2 B.
Docks	
Hongkong Dock	$162 Sa.
Shanghai Dock	Tls. 130
New Eng. Works	Tls. 23 B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf	Tls. 88½ B.
Hongkong Wharf	$122½ S.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 80
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land	Tls. 70 B.
Weihaiwei Land	Tls. 3
Shanghai Hotels Ltd.	$15 B.
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 68
China Realty (pref.)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 168 B.
E-wo Pref	Tls. 97½
Laou-kung-mow	Tls. 130 B.
Oriental	Tls. 57 B.
Shanghai Cotton	Tls. 160 B.
Kungyik	Tls. 14 B.
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 8.45 B.
Yangtszepoo Pref.	Tls. 90
Industrials	
Butler Tilles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	$98
Green Island	$8.90 B.
Langkats	Tls. 22 C.N.I.
Major Bros	Tls. 5 [B.
Shanghai Sumatra	Tls. 105
Stores	
Hall and Holtz	$13 B.
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford	$95 B.
Moutrie	$32
Watson	$5½ B.
Weeks	$13 S.
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 7½ B.
Amherst	Tls. 0.50 B.
Anglo-Java	Tls. 7½ B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 3½ B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 20 B.
Batu Anam 1918	Tls. 0.75 B.
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 2 B.
Bute	Tls. 0.75 B.
Chemor United	Tls. 0.95 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 7½
Cheng	Tls. 2,10
Consolidated	Tls. 2½ B.
Dominion	Tls. 6 B.
Gula Kalumpong	Tls. 5 B.
Java Consolidated	Tls. 12 B.
Kamunting	Tls. 3½ B.
Kapala	Tls. 0.30 B.
Kapayang	Tls. 16
Karan	Tls. 10½
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 5 B.
Kroewoek Java	Tls. 11 B.
Padang	Tls. 9½ B.
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 4 B.
Permata	Tls. 2½
Repah	Tls. 0.70 B.
Samagaga	Tls. 0.75 B.
Seekee	Tls. 1 B.
Semambu	Tls. 0.90 B.
Senawang	Tls. 7½ B.
Shanghai Klebang	Tls. 0.50 B.
Shanghai Malay	Tls. 6
S'hai Malay pref.	Tls. 10
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1 B.
Sungala	Tls. 1
Sungei Duri	Tls. 8½
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3¾ B.
S'hai Kalantan	Tls. 0.40 B.
Shanghai Seremban	Tls. 0.50 B.
Taiping	Tls. 1.10 B.
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.85 B.
Tebong	Tls. 15
Ulobri	Tls. 2½
Ziangbe	Tls. 4 B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I and E. Lumber	Tls. 250 B.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 12 S.
S'hai Elec. and Asb.	$2
Shanghai Trams	Tls. 69 B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 24 B.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 33
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 50
Shanghai Telephone	Tls. 76 B.
S'hai Waterworks	Tls. 160 B.

S. Sellers. Sa, Sales. B. Buyers.

Telephone No. Central 398
Benjamin & Potts, 8 Jinkee Road

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE
For Japan:
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Y'shiro M. ..Feb. 14
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata M. Feb. 15
For U.S. Canada and Europe:
Per T.K.K. s.s. Tenyo M. Feb. 18
For Manila
Per C.N. s.s. Sinkiang ....Feb. 17
For Europe etc.,
Per P. & O. s.s. Nore .....Feb. 17
MAILS DUE
From U.S. and Canada
Per T.K.K. s.s. Shinyo M. Feb. 17

Business and Official - - Notices - -

(Second Section)

THE CHINA PRESS

大陸報

Classified Advertisements

All Advertisements must be Prepaid

Replies must be called for

2 cents a Word (Minimum Charge 40 cents)

SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1919

Municipal Notification
No. 2574

REPATRIATION OF GERMAN AND AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN SUBJECTS

WHEREAS since the declaration of war by the Republic of China on the Empires of Germany and Austria-Hungary, the Subjects of the said former Empires (hereinafter called "Enemy Subjects") have been suffered to remain within the confines of the said Republic, under permits issued, within the limits of the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai, by the Municipal Council. **And Whereas** by Mandate issued on the twenty-eighth day of January, 1919, bearing the seal of the President of the said Republic the repatriation of Enemy Subjects is duly ordered. **And Whereas** by Proclamation issued on the eleventh day of February, 1919, bearing the seal of the Commissioner of Defence for Sungkiang and Shanghai certain regulations are prescribed for giving effect to the said Mandate. **And Whereas** the said Proclamation has been countersigned by the Senior Consul and by him transmitted to the Municipal Council with the request that the same be posted with the said Settlement. **And Whereas** the said request and a translation of the Proclamation are set forth at length in the Municipal Gazette published on the thirteenth day of February, 1919. **And Whereas** the Head Office for the Repatriation of Enemy Subjects referred to in the said Proclamation has been established at No. 121 Bubbling Well Road within the limits of the said Settlement with the assent of the Municipal Council as a measure of co-operation with the Chinese Government and for general convenience. **And Whereas** the said Proclamation has been countersigned and sealed by the Municipal Council and duly posted and for the peace and good order of the said Settlement certain instructions giving effect thereto have been duly communicated to Enemy Subjects resident within the limits of the said Settlement.

Now therefore be it known and let all such Enemy Subjects take note that the said instructions must be strictly obeyed. **Be it also known** and let all such Enemy Subjects who may fail for any reason to receive a copy of the said instructions or who may desire to make any enquiries in regard thereto or to claim exemption from repatriation under the provisions contained in the said Proclamation take note that they must make application forthwith at the Head Office for the Repatriation of Enemy Subjects above referred to. **Be it further known** and let all such Enemy Subjects take note and observe that failure to comply with the said instructions and with such further instructions and regulations as may be issued hereafter from time to time to give effect to the said Proclamation will render the delinquents liable to prosecution.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Acting Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, February 13, 1919.
21184

The New Amherst Rubber Estate, Limited

(Incorporated in Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Second Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at 13 Nanking Road, Shanghai, on Friday, the 28th February, 1919, at 4 p.m.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 22nd February to 28th February, 1919, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
R. N. TRUMAN & CO.,
General Managers.

Shanghai, 14th February, 1919.
21182

On Friday, February 14th

commencing at 5.30 p.m. in the Hall of the

Royal Asiatic Society

5, MUSEUM ROAD

A Public Lecture

entitled

"Through the Russian Revolution"

will be given by

Mr. Robert R. Tatlock

(of the Friends' War Victims' Relief Committee)

who has recently arrived from Siberia.

All interested are cordially invited to attend.
21166

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 12

Municipal Notification
No. 2575.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following Ratepayers duly qualified under Article XIX of the Land Regulations, have been proposed and seconded, and have given their written consent to serve, if elected, as Councillors for the Foreign Community of Shanghai for the Municipal year, 1919:—

Messrs. C. M. Bain
W. H. Barham
J. H. Dollar
A. Howard
T. Ibukiyama
W. P. Lambe
H. A. J. Macray
R. S. F. McBain
W. L. Merriman
E. C. Pearce
A. Brooke Smith
Ed. White

Notice is hereby given that Dr. R. S. Ivy, having been duly nominated by land-owners, is, in accordance with Article VIA of the Land Regulations, considered to be elected as Land Commissioner for the Municipal year 1919.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Acting Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, February 13, 1919.
21186

Municipal Notification
No. 2576.

ELECTION OF COUNCILLORS

THE Poll will remain open from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. on Thursday and Friday, February 20 and 21.

No Voting Tickets are issued. Qualified ratepayers desiring to vote are required to attend at either of the Voting Stations and to mark on a list the names of the persons, not exceeding nine, for whom they intend to vote.

Voting Stations will be established at—

The Revenue Office, 7A The Bund.

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, Sub-Agency, 9 Broadway.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Acting Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, February 13, 1919.
21186

The International Cotton Manufacturing Co., Ltd.

IN VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATION

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN in pursuance of Section 188 of the Companies Ordinance, 1911, that a General Meeting of the members of the above-named company will be held at No. 4 Kiukiang Road, Shanghai, on Saturday, the fifteenth day of February, 1919, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of having an account laid before them, showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted, and the property of the Company disposed of, and of hearing any explanation that may be given by the Liquidator, and also of determining by Extraordinary Resolution the manner in which the books, accounts, and documents of the Company, and of the Liquidator thereof, shall be disposed of.

C. E. RAYNER,
Liquidator.

Dated the 11th day of January, 1919.

Witness to the signature of Charles Ernest Rayner:
H. P. WILKINSON.
20842

The Ault & Wiborg Co.

Manufacturers of

LETTERPRESS INKS
LITHOGRAPHIC INKS—OFFSET INKS
LITHOGRAPHIC SUPPLIES
BRONZE POWDERS, LITHO STONES

Stocks carried

37 Canton Road — Shanghai

"COULD NOT BE REPLACED"

"It can scarcely be denied," said Dr. W. B. Carpenter, F.R.S., "that occasions arise where the temporary assistance derived from alcoholic liquors could not be replaced by any other. A moderate amount seems beneficial, or, at any rate, justifiable, when there is a deficiency of proper sustenance."

"IMPORTANT"

"Stimulants represent," states Prof. Ewald, "an undeniable want by human nature for the support of the human system, and are almost as important, from the viewpoint of their influence on the nutritive processes, as food itself."

ELEPHANT HEAD LIQUEUR BRANDY

GARNER, QUELCH & CO.
Sole Agents

Sequestration of Property of Enemy Subjects

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims against Enemy Subjects now residing within the province of Kiangsu or against estates under the Control of enemy subjects now residing within the province of Kiangsu are hereby required to send particulars in writing thereof (in triplicate) to us the undersigned, duly appointed by Presidential Mandate as Director and Associate Director of the Branch Office for the control of Funds and Property of Enemy Subjects in the Province of Kiangsu and that all such claims as aforesaid must be delivered to us at No. 122 Bubbling Well Road on or before the 20th day of February, 1919, and that no such claim will be entertained after that date.

IVAN CHEN
Commissioner for Foreign Affairs, and Director of the Branch Office for the Administration of Funds and Property of Enemy Subjects in Kiangsu.

WANG KENG TING
Taoyin of Hu-haw circuit, and Associate Director of the Branch Office for the Administration of Funds and Property of Enemy Subjects in Kiangsu.

The Yue Yuen Commercial and Savings Bank of Shanghai

行銀蓄儲業商貲合源豫

IN pursuance of the tendency of the times and for the consolidation of our foundation, this Bank has been formed, being converted from the Yu Yuan Bank, with a capital of Tls. 300,000, all fully paid up; and our old proprietor, the Chen Family of Soochow, continues to be our shareholder, assuming unlimited liability for the business of this Bank. Loans granted on both current and fixed-term mortgages, savings deposits on current and fixed accounts accepted; and bills accepted and discounted for all banking institutions of outports; and also all other descriptions of banking business transacted. Five, large, foreign style storehouses are provided on North Soochow Road and North Fokien Road for the storage of merchandise which can be pledged as mortgages for loans from this Bank. Very reasonable terms to our customers.

General Office:—
NO. 64 NINGPO ROAD, SHANGHAI.
Telephone: Central 2463.
21116

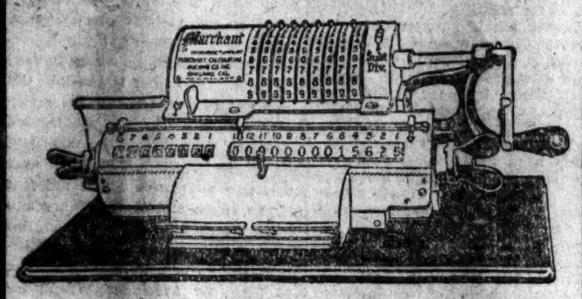
Thos. and Wm. Smith's

FLEXIBLE STEEL WIRE ROPE

From 2¾" to 4" Circumference
Newly arrived from Newcastle-on-Tyne

W. Z. ZEE & SONS, BROADWAY

DON'T WASTE TIME FIGURING



USE A MARCHANT CALCULATOR

SOLE AGENTS FOR CHINA

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE Co.

SPECIALISTS IN OFFICE EQUIPMENT

4 Canton Road, Shanghai, Phone, Central 4778

The Prest-O-Lite Battery

offers the most for the money—more power to operate your starter and lights—more service to insure your complete satisfaction in its use.

Service Station And Sole Agents for China

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

LEARN TO PLAY THE
SNARE DRUM
BASS DRUM
ORCHESTRA-BELLS
MARIMBOPHONE
Lessons by
MR. A. B. CODY
Phone C. 1915. 47 Boone Road.
21159

EDEN HOSPITAL
Dept. of Venenal Diseases
P372 Nanking Road
(Opp. Lloyd Road)
Hours: 10-12; 2-4 except Sunday
Special consideration to men in uniform
DR. JAMES YUKING, Supt.

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, 44 Sinza Road (at Seymour Road). Excellent residence for small family, four large rooms, several small ones. Now vacant. Open for inspection; will renovate. Apply on premises.
21060

TO LET: No. 11 Tifeng Road, at Yu Yuen Road, very modern six roomed residence with attics, tennis court, garage, stabling. Rent Tls. 100. Apply on premises.
21042

TO LET, 101 Avenue Road; detached foreign residence, nine rooms, garden, etc. Tls. 150 per month. Apply to China Realty Co., Ltd., 27 Nanking Road.
21043

TO LET, for immediate possession, a beautiful residence, six rooms, fully furnished. Stable, garage and tennis lawn, near French School. Apply to Box 129, THE CHINA PRESS.
21137 F.18.

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

TO LET offices, single or in suites, first floor, 6 Foochow Road; large rooms, steam heat, hardwood floors. Apply 51 Szechuen Road, ground floor.
21162

ONE room office to rent, Jinkee Road. Steam heat, light included, Tls. 28.00. Reply to Box 117, THE CHINA PRESS.
21122 F.14.

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED, five or six-roomed house in French Concession, with all modern conveniences and garden, preferably near French Park. Apply to Box 151, THE CHINA PRESS.
21181 F.16.

WANTED to take over immediately, four five-roomed furnished house, or buy furniture only. Please apply to Box 128, THE CHINA PRESS.
21136 F.14.

LOST OR STOLEN

LOST DOG: Pekingese pug (female) amber and white, answering to the name of "Bobette," strayed on the 8th instant, corner 9 Avenue Joffre and Rue du Consulat. Reward will be paid to finder by A. W. Brun, 200 Bubbling Well Road.
21132

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 12

APARTMENTS

WINDSOR HOUSE, 14-15 Quinsan Gardens. Comfortable rooms front and back, (with bathrooms and verandah), to let. Good table, Telephone North 432.

CONNAUGHT HOUSE, 8 Quinsan Gardens. Now vacant large and small rooms with board. Terms reasonable. Apply Mrs. G. Pollock.

TO LET, with board, large comfortable newly-furnished room, with modern bathroom attached, suitable for married couple or two bachelor friends. Hot and cold water, telephone, tennis, stabling and garage. Apply to Box 460, THE CHINA PRESS.

WANTED, two young Americans for high class mess. Superior accommodations. Tennis court, garage, sleeping porch, large rooms. Apply to Box 108, THE CHINA PRESS.

SITUATIONS WANTED

BY YOUNG MAN (Ally), with nine years' experience of general office work, accounts, export of China produce, etc. and is also an efficient salesman. Employed, but desires to better his future prospects and is willing to accept any position of trust for Taels 200 (monthly). Excellent testimonials. Please communicate with Box 149, THE CHINA PRESS.
21175 F.16.

YOUNG lady, with experience, desires either permanent or temporary position as steno-typist. Apply to Box 139, THE CHINA PRESS.
21156 F.18.

COMPETENT young lady stenotypist desires position, half-time, morning preferred. Apply to Box 134, THE CHINA PRESS.
21143

EXPERIENCED young man seeks position either as office assistant or as a salesman. Please apply to Box 137, THE CHINA PRESS.
21150 F.15.

EXPERIENCED Chinese godownkeeper seeks employment. Speaks English and Japanese. Apply to Box 131, THE CHINA PRESS.
21142 F.14

POSITION WANTED by a Chinese who has six years' experience in bookkeeping. Wishes to join foreign bank or firm at moderate salary. Good reference. Apply to Box 97, THE CHINA PRESS.
21080 F-14

HOUSES TO LET

TO BE LET, No. 20 Chusan Road, from first of March, rent Tls. 35 per month. A finely situated house, with good neighbours. Apply to Box 150, THE CHINA PRESS.
21176 F.20

TO LET, from 1st of March, No 46 Avenue Dubail (French town) a very desirable modern, furnished detached residence, seven rooms two bathrooms, kitchen, servants' quarters, stable, garage, tennis ground, electric light, telephone very cool in summer, on tram line. May be let also without furniture. Inspection from 12 to 5 p.m. Telephone Central 130.
21179 F.19

TO LET, well-furnished detached residence, seven rooms, good attics, hot and cold water, garden, garage and stabling. Occupation April. Apply to R. P. Whitham, 551 Great Western Road.
21157 F.15

TO LET, furnished, from May to November inclusive, that desirable residence, 549 Great Western Road; three sitting rooms, three bedrooms and garage. For particulars, apply to the Shanghai Land Investment Co.
21147 F.14

TO LET, on Jessfield Road, for seven months from first March, furnished house, six rooms and three attics, hot and cold water on all floors, tennis, stable and garage. Moderate rental. Apply to Box 135, THE CHINA PRESS.
21141

SITUATION VACANT

WANTED nursery governess for two children of 3 and 6 years of age for going to America. Salary 50 dollars a month, free first-class passage and found during her stay with us. Must speak English or French. Reference required. Reply to Box 145, THE CHINA PRESS.
21172 F.15.

WANTED by local British firm, a competent Chinese junior clerk and an office-boy. Please apply in own handwriting, to Box 141, THE CHINA PRESS.
21164 F.15.

WANTED, lady to teach High School English in Girls' Boarding School, Kiukiang. Reply to Principal, C. E. Merrill, Kiukiang.
21120 F.15.

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED, dining, sitting and bedroom furniture. Apply to Box 142, THE CHINA PRESS.
21163 F.15.

WANTED one or two rooms, suitable for housekeeping. Furnished or unfurnished. Reply to Box 118, THE CHINA PRESS.
21122 F.14.

EDUCATIONAL

YOUNG Chinese desires foreign pupils for Shanghai dialect, has had previous experience in Health Department, S.M.C. Apply to Box 148, THE CHINA PRESS.
21180 F.16.

Exchange and Mart

WANTED, second-hand Bentley's complete phrase code. State price. Apply to Box 152, THE CHINA PRESS.
21185 F.16.

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WEATHER

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IMPARTIAL AND PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, FEBRUARY 14, 1919

America's Future Army

By Dr. Charles W. Eliot

(*President Emeritus of Harvard University*)

CONGRESS and the War Department are apparently beginning to consider what kind of army the United States ought now to organise and maintain for future use. The proposals are numerous and various. Small detachments from the old regular army, the National Guard, and the National army are coming home; but the war is not over, and it is an embarrassing question how to deal with these detachments. The end of the war or of "the emergency" being almost in sight, the War Department has waked up to the fact that the United States will soon have no army to speak of and is consequently proposing that the old regular army be recruited again by voluntary enlistment, thus proposing to reconstitute and maintain the least democratic and most professional of the existing American forces.

The preliminary discussions about a League of Nations and some reduction of competitive national armaments tend to show that the leading democracies must all maintain some form of national army in order tha they may contribute each its prope quota to international forces whic will be competent to prevent war What sort of an armed force shou the United States maintain?

First, it should clearly be national force like the recently en listed National army. The Nationa Guard was created from the militi organised in some of the States. I was originally not only a State force but largely a class force; that is, i was recruited from clerks, youn professional men and small shop keepers and farmers. The large clas of manual laborers, skilled and skilled, was only feebly represente in it; and it was therefore an objec of distrust and dislike to that class In the American expeditionary army some pains have apparently been taken to obliterate the distinction between the regular army, th National Guard and the Nationa army; and while the expeditionary force was in active service thes efforts seem to have been in a goo degree successful; but when de mobilisation on a large scale is t be effected, difficulties arise, becaus the three divisions, regular, guar and national, were really enliste under different conditions. Th National army, created by draf was in every sense a national force and it was not a body of professiona soldiers. The regular army was body of professional soldiers; but I too, was a national force. For a protective and defensive services, home or abroad, on behalf of peace order and liberty under law, it is highest importance that the perman ent American army should be nation wide in structure and spirit.

In the second place, the large an always ready military force whic the United States must maintain both for its own sake and also be cause of its obligations to the othe nations by whose side the Americ people have been fighting, should be a democratic as well as a nation army. That the regular army neve was. Its organisation and its man ners and customs were originally adapted from those of the British regular army, which has always been aristocratic in structure and habits. Moreover the regular army was professional army. Its officers all entered the army with the intention of making war their profession for life. For the terms of their enlistment the privates also were professional soldiers detached for years from all civilian pursuits. The great war has taught all the nations that efficient armies can be promptly made ready for modern warfare; provided the young men of the country have received systematic physical training during school life and have been given three months of military training in the field, with some additional training for non-commissioned officers and officers. But how should a democratic army be officered? Clearly not with men who are looking forward to military service as a life career. A genuine, national, democratic army of the United States will not breed a military class. It will be officered mainly by men who have no more intention of being professional soldiers than the privates have. Both non-commissioned and commissioned officers will be selected by their military instructors on grounds of personal fitness during the first three months of military training which the annual levy undergoes.

The annual levy includes all classes and every sort of young man who is just entering on his twentieth year, the well educated and the imperfectly educated, the rich and the poor, the skilled and the unskilled laborers are brought together in camp, where they all begin as privates. Every non-commissioned officer selected has had experience as a private and every commissioned officer selected will have had experience both as a private and a non-commissioned officer. The good of the service is the sole ground of selection. The quality of each man selected, as shown in camp and field, is the sole determining consideration. This is the Swiss method, proved good by the experience of two generations of men. It has resulted in the possession by Switzerland of an effective national, democratic army always ready, but in that army there is no professional soldier and no militaristic spirit. That is the only kind of army which the United States or any other democracy ought to maintain. Of course, the American Government, like the Swiss, would have to maintain in permanent service a considerable body of military instructors—both commissioned and non-commissioned officers—to teach the annual levy of young men their duties in camp and field and to maintain the schools for officers in the special branches of the army service. It would also be necessary to maintain here as in Switzerland a body of scientists to keep account of new military and naval inventions, wherever made.

Thirdly, there is only one principle on which a force of this character can be constituted in a democracy, namely, the principle of universal military service as an obligation on the part of every able-bodied man between 20 and 45 years of age. This service should be recognised as due to his country from every able-bodied man without pay. Soldiers in the present National army of the United States receive $1 a day as pay in addition to being completely "found." Considering what the modern soldier has to do and bear in trench warfare, in bayonet and hand-grenade assaults and in bombing towns and cities from the air the idea of a man doing it for pay is absolutely revolting. No worthy soldier does it or would do it for pay. He does and endures the horrible things required of him from a sense of duty to country, home, friends and the coming generation. He may reasonably expect that while he is absent on service his Government will take care of those at home who are dependent on him, or after his death if he is killed, and will take care of him or help him to take care of himself if he is seriously crippled; but he is not looking for any sort of pecuniary emolument. He is not meaning to be a soldier for life. Far from it. In the training camp or in actual war service he is wishing to get home as soon as possible and to return to civil life. He imbibes while in training or in service no particle of militaristic spirit, but, on the contrary, learns to condemn it in each individual citizen and in the people at large. When placed in the reserve as a trained soldier he holds himself ready to respond instantly to the call of his Government, but he prays that the call will never come. He is a citizen soldier daily earning in civil employment the living of those dependent on him, but understanding fully that when his country calls him to arms he is to respond instantly because it is the universal duty of her young men to risk life and health and happiness at her command. He will have no illusion about the glories of war or its barbarities, mitigated or unmitigated. As a citizen he will abhor warfare, domestic or foreign. Nevertheless, he will be always ready to respond to the call of his Government to defend by force liberty, order and justice at home or abroad. Such should be the democratic product of universal military service as a principle and a practice.

It is to be hoped that the Peace Congress will resolve that no nation should maintain any other kind of army than the Swiss army; because that way lies the best hope of obtaining soon a general reduction of armaments in Europe and America: in order that the combined democracies may be enabled to keep the world free from war they will need to keep an overwhelming international force, always ready for immediate use on land and sea; but to this end it will be sufficient if each democracy keeps ready an army of the Swiss sort. If in addition no other strong nation should be allowed to maintain an army of the German pattern, a reduction of armaments might soon seem safe and feasible. Without such general reduction it is well-nigh impossible to imagine how the civilised nations are to pay the debts they have incurred in the great war and make the savings necessary to restore the capital consumed or destroyed during the war.

The Swiss method of training all ablebodied young men for the work of a soldier and keeping them in reserve but always ready for immediate mobilisation, interferes very little with the education of the people or with their industries and earning power. Indeed, it has been carefully planned to avoid these interferences; whereas the military training of the standing armies maintained by all the principal nations of Continental Europe has proved to be a great interference with both education and industries. The sum of the periods devoted to military training in Switzerland is much shorter than the periods of active service required of the young men of the other nations on the Continent. The cost of the Swiss system is also much lower than the cost of any other European system, or of the present American system. The Swiss system is thoroughly national and completely democratic, which is more than can be said of any other system.

The period of reconstruction in Europe and the Near and Far East is going to be at best a very trying one. It will take years to transform into practiced freemen the peoples that have long been subject to autocratic rule or to oppression by alien masters. In particular the new republics will need at least a generation to acquire stability and practice in the use and management of free institutions. Genuine republics cannot be created overnight by vote of a Peace Conference or even by a carefully studied international treaty. The established democracies which have been associated in resisting the German aggression will have a considerable advantage in respect to both industrial and military power over the new and inexperienced constitutional Governments which are likely to result from the war, and this advantage will be for the security of peace. The heavy burden of new taxation which all the civilised nations will be carrying will also be a security for peace in the world. Nevertheless, the combined democracies, which have overcome Germany, must make ample provision against the unpreparedness which indirectly brought upon the world the fearful catastrophe of 1914. The feasible preparedness is the maintenance of armies of the Swiss sort by all the democracies. After the experiences of the so-called civilised world during the last four years and a half it would be insane to trust the peace of the world to enlightened international public opinion, councils of conciliation and arbitration or an international judicial tribunal which had not the firm support of military and naval force.

There are two provisions in the Swiss Military Constitution which should be copied by every other nation, and especially by all the British and American Commonwealths; first, the prescription of universal physical training in all schools on a program laid down and enforced by the National Government, and, second, the cultivation as a national sport of shooting at a mark through voluntary organisations aided by the Government. These provisions have proved highly beneficial to the entire population of Switzerland—as much for industrial uses as for military.

Whoever has had opportunity to compare the thousands of young Americans going into the military camps or cantonments in the United States with the same young men coming out three months later will have been convinced that the elements of military training and discipline have had a high value for both the physique and the morale of those young men. These values should be obtained in permanence for the American population.

The world has learned since August, 1914, that the best modern soldier is the free man who has learned the value of co-operative discipline. When the young industrial workers of the country shall have learned the indispensableness of that same co-operative discipline in the national production of the necessaries of life, the American people will have secured reasonable exemption from the formidable evils of industrial warfare. The watchwords of industrial reform are co-operative management, co-operative discipline and genuine partnership between labor and capital.

It may be hoped, too, that many of the returning soldiers will bring home with them a better idea of religious sacrifice than they themselves had before they went to war, or than most people who have stayed at home now have. Faithful soldiers sacrifice themselves for the love of country, home and friends, for the wounded comrade who is lying out in No Man's Land, for the honor of their battalion or company, or in the hope that coming generations may have a better world to live in than they or theirs have found. There has been in the American soldier's sacrifice in this veritable crusade for brotherhood in liberty under law no element of personal salvation or expectation of future happiness, bought with his own blood or the blood of others. His supreme sacrifice is unselfish. He has never thought of it as an act of propitiation, expiation, or atonement; and no more have his kindred and comrades. It is to be hoped, therefore, that two million young men who have witnessed that kind of sacrifice and have learned its nobleness and its inspirational value, will have a good effect, when they return home, on the practical religion of their country. This ought to be one of the great benefits resulting from this unique war and particularly from America's part in it.

Correspondence

Another Blow From Mrs. Loh

Sino-French Anti-Hun Stump-Orators' Association,
Cite 255, No. 265 Rue de Lagrene,
Shanghai, February 13, 1919.

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Sir.—As the orators of the above association, Mr. R. C. Loh and Mr. Tsang Ts'ung-su, read the news of Japan's attempts to induce our Government to order its delegation at the Peace Conference in Paris to act in consonance with the wishes of the Japanese Government and its delegation, they feel it is a very good chance to let our fellow-citizens wide-awake of Japan's real attitude toward China and the contrast result of her government's sweet words known as "China-Japan intimacy." They use that phrase as a tool for to cut off all knots, which we mean diplomacy, if opportunity would come to get the great advantage from the Far East.

We heartily thank Dr. Wellington Koo and Mr. Wang's activities at the Peace Conference. And we should also phrase President Hsu Shih-chang's best choice in appointing those two gentlemen as spokemen before the Council of Great Powers. Though we could not forecast whether there is any good result, yet we can assure that the Allied nations will stand up for China to redress all wrongs which have been inflicted upon by her very cunning neighbor whom we now believe as a humanitarian in disguise, while Mr. Obata, the Japanese Minister in Peking, gave a categorical denial to the said action.

The aim of the above association is anti-Hun, because Huns are the bitter enemies of humanity. Now what we should say about Japan, if she is also treated as. . . .?

Yours respectfully,
(Signed) Mrs. W. Y. F. LOH,
The Repesentative of the Association.

The Monroe Doctrine And Japan

The Japan Chronicle of February 6 has the following leading article:

There are few political phrases which have been subjected to such contradictory interpretations as the Monroe doctrine. To one group it represents a check on imperialistic aggression and a protection of democracy, to the other the predominance of a strong and powerful State over the others within its immediate influence. The Japanese invariably interpret the Monroe doctrine in the latter sense. According to the Paris correspondent of the New York Evening Sun, Japan's delegates at the Peace Conference claimed the endorsement by the other Powers of her Monroe doctrine, which, it was declared, was along the same lines as the American Monroe doctrine. What Japan means, according to this correspondent, is that her predominance in the East should be recognised, and that guarantees should be given for the freedom of Japan's immigration and trade in the undeveloped regions of Asia and the Pacific.

It may be doubted whether any such claim has been put forward officially by the Japanese peace delegates, but this roughly indicates the attitude taken by many Japanese publicists, and it is possible the correspondent who sends the statement to New York had gathered his summary from the suite attached to the peace delegation. It is only necessary to glance for a moment at the origin almost a century ago of the statement of policy which has become known as the Monroe doctrine, and to note its meaning when employed by President Wilson today, to realise that the interpretation given it by Japanese is totally unwarranted. It means not ascendency over the powerless but protection of the weak against aggression.

In effect the declaration of President Monroe was a counterpoise to the claim of the three monarchs of Russia, Austria and Prussia, under what was called the Holy Alliance, that they had an incontestable right "in commonly concerting measures of safety against the States in which an overturn of the government effected by revolt can only be considered as a dangerous example." This declaration was issued on December 8, 1820. It should be borne in mind that in March of this year Ferdinand VII. of Spain had been compelled to issue decrees extending an amnesty to political offenders, establishing a cabinet, abolishing the Inquisition, granting freedom of the press, and reorganising the Courts. In July Naples had obtained a constitution by means of a military rising. In August Oporto and Lisbon rose in insurrection and the Cortes was convened to make a constitution. It was not surprising that in the eyes of the three autocrats such doings demanded instant punishment and brought into effect their "holiest engagements." Great Britain, while somewhat sarcastically recognising the "purity of intention" of the "august Courts," declined to be a party to a proposition which involved "a general and indiscriminate application to all revolutionary movements." But the Holy Alliance, in the name of "the Most Holy and Indivisible Trinity," proceeded with its beneficent work, and securing the adhesion of France, which announced that she was "intimately united with her Allies in the firm purpose of destroying by every means revolutionary principles and movements," the budding revolutionary awakening in Europe was brought to naught, the glorious Inquisition was re-established, the sovereigns were restored, and the autocrats breathed freely. So much having been accomplished, the next step contemplated was a crusade against freedom in Spanish America with the hope in due course of making an attack on the United States, which was the typical example of freedom from "legitimate" rulers. Great Britain, with Canning as Foreign Minister, refused to participate in the French invasion of Spain for the restoration of Ferdinand. A circular was issued to all the Powers, setting forth the view of Great Britain in favor of the self-determination of peoples. The principles held by the British Government with regard to the American colonies of Spain, to the effect that their recognition as independent States was merely one of time and circumstance, were declared in a communication by Canning to the American Minister in London. Thereupon President Monroe, with the backing of Great Britain, set forth in his message of December 2, 1823, the famous doctrine that has become attached to his name, the kernel of which runs: "With the existing colonies or dependencies of any European Power we have not interfered and shall not interfere. But with the Governments who have declared their independence, and maintained it, and whose independence we have, on great consideration and on just principles, acknowledged, we could not view any interposition for the purpose of oppressing them, or controlling in any other manner their destiny, by any European Power, in any other light than as a manifestation of an unfriendly disposition towards the United States."

It is only necessary to compare this declaration with the Japanese claim of the application of the Monroe doctrine to the Far East in Japanese interests, in order to realise the complete inversion of principles and objects in the latter proposition. The American declaration was an early version of self-determination for peoples; the Japanese claim is for the extension of Japanese dominion. Japan asks—or her publicists ask for her—not only that guarantees shall be given for the freedom of Japan's immigration and trade in the undeveloped regions—a very elastic term—in Asia and the Pacific, but that her "predominance" in the Far East shall be recognised. It is claimed with cool assurance that by virtue of the Ishii-Lansing Agreement America has already recognised this demand on the part of Japan. As we pointed out at the time this agreement was signed, there was danger that it should be so interpreted. The United States went so far as to recognise Japan's "special position" in China, and by doing so undoubtedly gave some excuse for the Japanese claim of predominance. In a despatch to his Government written on October 22, 1917, the Russian Ambassador at Tokio said: "The Japanese are manifesting more and more clearly a tendency to interpret the 'special position' of Japan in China, inter alia, in the sense that other Powers must not undertake in China any political steps without previously exchanging views with Japan on the subject—a condition that would to some extent establish a Japanese control over the foreign affairs of China. On the other hand, the Japanese Government does not attach great importance to its recognition of the principle of the open door and the integrity of China, regarding it as merely a repetition of the assurances repeatedly given by it to other Powers and implying no new restrictions for the Japanese policy in China." It is unnecessary to point out how entirely different is this sort of Monroe doctrine from that laid down by the United States to prevent the interference by European Powers with the self-determination of peoples in South America. Whatever may be the implication attached to the Ishii-Lansing Agreement by the Japanese, the American Government would emphatically disavow that it recognised Japan's predominance in China. President Wilson, in his address to the Senate on January 22, 1917, set forth in clear and unmistakable terms what the intrinsic meaning of the Monroe doctrine was to him and the great majority of the people of the United States. In urging that the people and Government of the United States should join the other civilised nations of the world in guaranteeing the permanence of peace, he said: "I am proposing, as it were, that the nations should with one accord adopt the doctrine of President Monroe as the doctrine of the world: that no nation should seek to extend its polity over any other nation or people, but that every people should be left free to determine its own polity, its own way of development, unhindered, unthreatened, unafraid, the little along with the great and powerful. I am proposing that all nations henceforth avoid entangling alliances which would draw them into competitions of power, catch them in a net of intrigue and selfish rivalry, and disturb their own affairs with influences intruded from without. There is no entangling alliance in a concert of power. When all unite to act in the same sense and with the same purpose all act in the common interest and are free to live their own lives under a common protection." It is this doctrine to which the Japanese have so far given no assent, either officially or unofficially. The League of Nations is either politely accepted or else deprecated as an unpractical ideal, while the Monroe doctrine is adduced as justification for predominance. Self-determination for peoples is looked at askance lest it should be quoted as condemnatory of the policy outlined in the Twenty-One Demands on China. Seldom has there been a case where a political principle devised for one object has been so absolutely reversed as to apply to its opposite. Constructed to defend freedom and liberty, the Monroe doctrine is now adduced as an argument in favor of aggression. Formulated to warn autocratic Powers against an attempt to extend their rule over peoples struggling to be free, it is employed by the Japanese to justify political predominance over their neighbors. Such methods must fail disastrously, and their only effect will be to damage those who use them.

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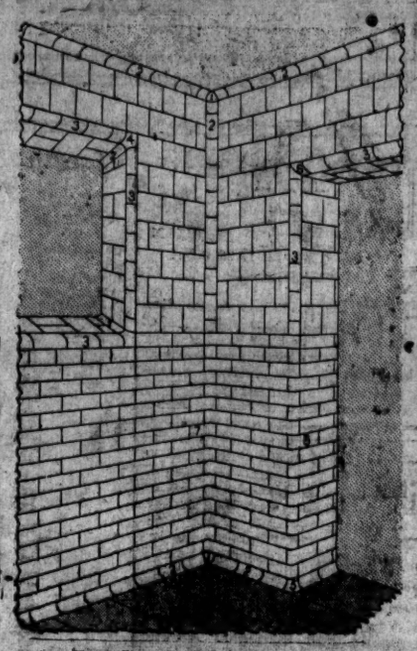

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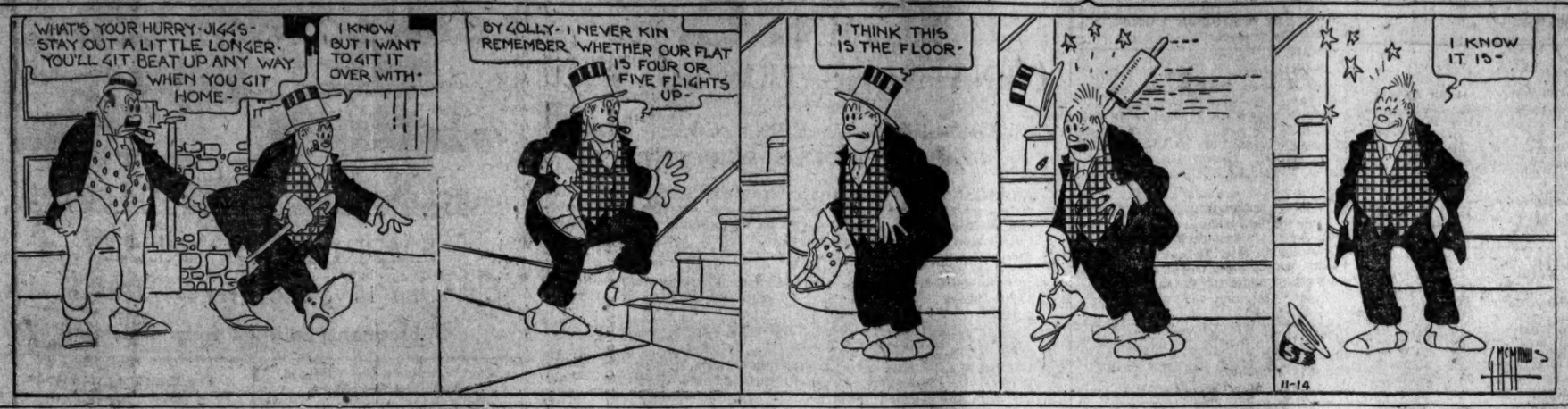
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I KNOW BUT I WANT TO GIT IT OVER WITH-
BY GOLLY- I NEVER KIN REMEMBER WHETHER OUR FLAT IS FOUR OR FIVE FLIGHTS UP-
I THINK THIS IS THE FLOOR-
I KNOW IT IS-
11-14

Millionaire Who Began As Newsboy Dead

Boston, January 2.—David Lubin, the founder of the great International Institute of Agriculture at Rome and the permanent relegate of the United States to that institution, died yesterday at Rome of pneumonia in his 70th year.

Mr. Lubin, a citizen of San Francisco and a native of Poland, rose to be a millionaire and an international figure from a very humble station in life. When a boy he was a newsboy in New York City and at another time an employe in an Attleboro factory, where he worked in the manufacture of jewelry. He developed one of the largest department stores of the West from a one-room store, and then branching out into the fruit and wheat business invited and won world-wide attention by his project for the economic freedom of the wheat market.

With indomitable persistency, Lubin, being immensely wealthy and longing to be a benefit to his fellow men, sought the co-operation of the governments of the world in his now realised plan and secured the favor of 80 of the countries of the world.

David Lubin was born in Poland in the summer of 1849, the son of a poor Jew, who emigrated to England when Lubin was two years old. After the death of the father, the mother married again and emigrated with the family to New York.

The needs of the family denied the poor boy the opportunity of schooling and caused him to devote his youthful energies to selling newspapers as a means to help secure a living for himself. Later in his boyhood he went to Attleboro and there procured employment in one of its many jewelry factories. His job was to dip watch chain links into a solution that gilded them. He devised a machine that quickened this process and did away with the need of his service. He received no compensation for this invention.

He then went to California, where, having secured credit for a small quantity of overalls, he established himself in the overall business in a single room. He invented a flap to keep the overalls from bursting and sold the patent rights for $300. The business developed until it was one of the largest in the West.

Lubin bought a fruit farm and soon reaped a fortune. He organised the California Fruit Growers' Association and through it succeeded in placing California fruits on all the markets of the country.

He then turned his attention to the raising of wheat and having offered a crop for sale in San Francisco, was surprised to be told at what price they would buy it. He declined to sell at their price, stating it was ruinous, and asked who set the price. He was told that the price was set by a group of rich Liverpool grain dealers.

On learning that the price was the day's price based on quotations from the Chicago Board of Trade, that Chicago received its quotations from New York and that the latter received the price list from a group of Liverpool speculators, Lubin determined that what these men did for their own personal benefit should be done by the nations of the world for the benefit of the entire people.

He thereupon proposed a universal clearing house of crop information, and sought the co-operation of the governments of the world. King Victor Emmanuel offered him the services of the Italian government to lay the project before the governments of the world.

The result of this activity was the founding of the International Institute of Agriculture at Rome, which is the official publisher of the world crop, import and export reports under a treaty ratified by 53 nations. To this project the King of Italy has given a building and an annual income of $60,000 for expenses, while the nations of the earth draw on their vast resources for collating the statistics it publishes for the steadying of the world's markets.

Mr. Lubon is the permanent delegate of the United States to that institution. He was first appointed by President Roosevelt at the time of the establishment of the institute in 1905.

Wilhelm II On His Father's Opinion Of Him

The Berliner Tageblatt publishes on the authority of a certain Herr Ernst Goetz, of Leipzig, a remarkable letter which is said to have been written to Bismarck by the Emperor Frederick, then Crown Prince, in 1886. Goetz says that he got a copy of the letter from Moritz Busch, Bismarck's well-known satellite and biographer.

The latter is dated from Portofino, September 28, 1886. The reader will remember that this was less than two years before Wilhelm became Kaiser, and only three and a half years before he dismissed Bismarck and proceeded to alter the whole course of German foreign policy. The letter runs:

"My son, Prince William, without my knowing about it, has expressed to his Majesty (the Emperor William 1) a desire during the coming winter to make closer acquaintance with the activity of our Ministries. Consequently, as I hear, the plan has already been contemplated at Gastein of employing him in the Foreign Office.

"As I have not yet received official information about it from any quarter, I consider it necessary in the first place to address myself confidentially to you, in order to learn what has already been settled, and also in order to say that, although I agree in principle with the initiation of my oldest son into questions of higher administration, I am decidedly opposed to his beginning in the Foreign Office. For, in view of the importance of the duties which will fall to the Prince, I consider it necessary above all things that he shall obtain knowledge of the internal conditions in his own country, and feel himself fully informed about them, before he concerns himself, even in a minor degree, with politics, especially as he is inclined to exaggeration and arrives at very rapid conclusions. His real knowledge is still defective and he lacks the necessary foundations; for this reason it is extremely necessary, that his knowledge should be raised to a higher plane and made more complete. This purpose would be met by giving him a civilian instructor, while at the same time, or later on, he might be employed in one of the administrative Ministries.

"In view of the immaturity of my oldest son, combined with his tendency to conceit, I must describe it as positively dangerous to bring him at once in contact with foreign questions.

"While I beg you to regard this letter as for yourself alone and as strictly confidential, I count upon your support in this matter, which is a very serious concern to me."

Sedition In Song

As noted in these columns a few days ago, writes the Japan Chronicle of February 4, three young men, employed by the Komatsu filature at Kawagishi-mura, Suwa-gun, Nagano prefecture, were arrested in December last and after due preliminary examination were found chargeable with lese majeste, being committed for public trial at the Nagano Chiho Saibansho.

The Chuo gives a long account of the circumstances which led to their arrest. According to the Tokio journal, about last spring a certain popular song obtained much vogue among the girl operatives at various filatures in Nagano prefecture. The song in question curses the capitalist class and depicts the miserable life of the factory hands, and the general tone of the song was, it is said, highly seditious. The singing of the song was not confined within the walls of the factories, and soon school children in the districts were heard singing it, without, apparently, understanding its import. The matter of course came to the ears of the Nagano police in due time, and investigation was made as to the composer of the song, who, it was supposed, must be a man of some education. Nagano prefecture is prominently associated with the notorious Kotoku affair and the alarm of the police was consequently great, for they thought it not unlikely that the author of the song was "a Socialist or anarchist of the Kotoku brand, who had managed to escape punishment for his opinions at the time when Kotoku and his associates were secretly tried and executed."

The police investigation revealed the fact that the song had its origin in a filature at Kawagishi-mura, Nagano prefecture, but beyond this fact nothing could be ascertained. While the local police were endeavoring to trace the song to its original composer, with little result, letters were addressed in July last to Baron Shibusawa, Baron Takagi and Mr. Egi, by unknown persons. The letters, which were but ill written, were couched in violent terms, inveighing against the Terauchi Administration and pointing out the defects of the national polity of Japan in such a way as to be derogatory to the dignity of the Imperial Household. The letters were immediately forwarded to the Police Bureau of the Home Department and it was found from the post-marks that they were posted at or near Kawagishi-mura. It having thus become known that Socialists with extreme views were living in Nagano prefecture, police authorities redoubled their efforts to round up the miscreants. Police investigation had been going on with little success, when the rice riots occurred throughout the country and it came to the knowledge of the local police that some persons at the Komatsu filature at Kawagishi-mura had indulged in seditious remarks and declared that they were ready to set their factories on fire if their employers did not act properly towards them. The attention of the local police was then directed to the detection of the persons who had uttered these incendiary words, and as a result the three young men now to be tried were arrested on charges of having composed that seditious popular song and written the violent letters to the capitalist Peers.

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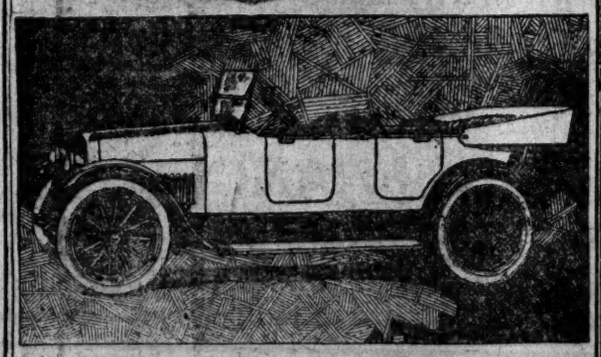

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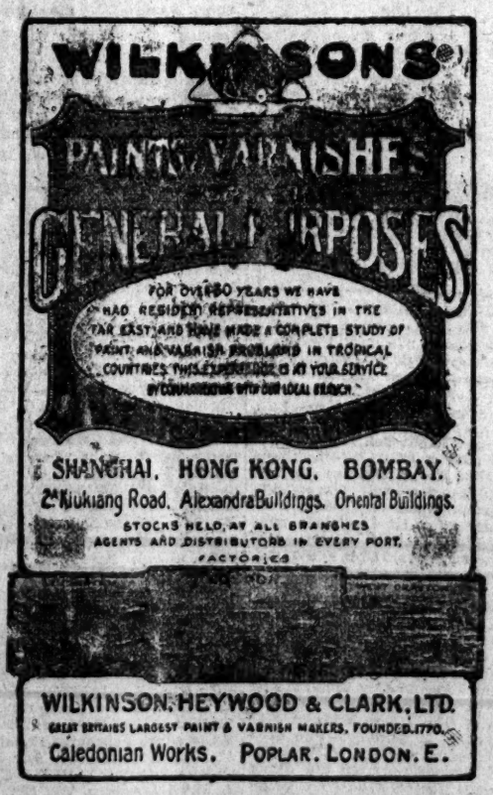
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GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Feb.	—	Vancouver	Stanley Dollar	Br.	R. D. & Co.
Feb.	—	Vancouver	Harold Dollar	Br.	R. D. & Co.
Feb.	16	Settle, etc.	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Feb.	18	San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Feb.	22	Vancouver	Empress of Russia	Br.	C.P.R.
Feb.	23	New York via Panama	Bloemfontein	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Mar.	1	San Francisco	Colombia	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Mar.	2	Tacoma, etc.	Africa Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Mar.	8	San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Apr.	1	Seattle, etc.	Fushimi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Feb.	14	Nagasaki	Penza	Rus.	R.V.F.
Feb.	14	N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Yamashiro Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Feb.	15	Moji, Kobe & Y'hama	Novara	Br.	P.&O.S.N. Co.
Feb.	15	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Feb.	18	N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Feb.	19	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Feb.	22	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Feb.	23	Kobe	Iyo Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Feb.	25	N'saki, Kobe & Y'hama	Kasuga Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Feb.	26	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kokura Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.

FOR EUROPE IND IA, STRAITS, ETC.

———	—	Marseilles	Goyo Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Feb.	15	London	Teiresias	Br.	B. & S.
Feb.	15	Liverpool	Agamemnon	Br.	B. & S.
Feb.	16	London, etc.	Mishima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Feb.	17	London, etc.	Nore	Br.	P. & O.S.N. Co.
Feb.	17	Liverpool	Sado Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Feb.	22	London, etc.	Celebes Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Feb.	26	Liverpool	Hector	Br.	B. & S.
Feb.	—	Marseilles	Luzon Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Feb.	—	London	Glenavy	Br.	Glen Line.
Mar.	3	London, etc.	Novara	Br.	P. & O.S.N. Co.
Mar.	3	London, etc.	Glenaffer	Br.	Glen Line
Mar.	3	London	Hyson	Br.	B. & S.
Mar.	17	London	Pyrrhus	Br.	B. & S.
Mar.	—	London, etc.	Alps Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Mar.	—	Marseilles	Andre Lebon	Fr.	M.M.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Feb.	14	4.00 Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Feb.	14	4.30 Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.
Feb.	14	10.00*Amoy, H'kong & C'ton	Singan	Br.	B. & S.
Feb.	15	4.30 Ningpo	Klangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Feb.	16	11.30*Swatow & Hongkong	Yingchow	Chi.	B. & S.
Feb.	16	— Foochow	Haean	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Feb.	18	D.L. Hongkong & Canton	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
Feb.	20	D.L. Amoy, H'kong & C'ton	Suiyang	Br.	B. & S.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Feb.	14	3.00 Vladivostock	Penza	Rus.	R.V.F.
Feb.	14	10.30*Tsingtao & Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.
Feb.	16	— Chefoo	Hsinming	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Feb.	16	— Tsingtao	Yekishin Maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
Feb.	17	— Chinwangtao	Hero	Br.	K.M.A.
Feb.	18	— Chinwangtao	Kiangping		K.M.A.
Feb.	18	10.00 Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Feb.	14	10.00*Wuhu	Kiukiang	Br.	B. & S.
Feb.	14	10.00*Wuhu	Kweilin	Br.	B. & S.
Feb.	14	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Loongwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Feb.	14	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Nanyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Feb.	14	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
Feb.	15	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S. Co.
Feb.	15	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Woosung	Br.	B. & S.
Feb.	15	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Suiyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Feb.	17	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luenho	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Feb.	17	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Talee Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Feb.	18	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Suiwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Feb.	18	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.
Feb.	19	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
Feb.	21	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Ngankin	Br.	B. & S.
Feb.	22	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.

*A.M. N.M.—MIDNIGHT. D.L.—DAYLIGHT.

Arrivals

Arrived	From	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Feb. 13	Ningpo	Klangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Feb. 13	Hongkong	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
Feb. 13	Hankow	Nanyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Feb. 13	Hankow	Loongwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Feb. 13	Hankow	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
Feb. 13	Dairy	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S.M.R.

Departures

Date	For	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Feb. 13	noon Amoy, H'kong & C'ton	Sunning	Br.	B. & S.
Feb. 13	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
Feb. 13	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tafoo Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Feb. 13	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Hwaltee	Chi.	J. M. & Co.
Feb. 13	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kianghsin	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Feb. 13	— Ningpo	Klangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. **Loongwo**, tons 3,925, Capt. Findeison, will leave on **Friday, February 14**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Luenyi**, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, February 14**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. **Nanyang Maru**, Captain K. Takerita, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Mail Wharf on **Friday, February 14**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. **Suiyang Maru**, Capt. H. Yamasita will be despatched from the China Merchant's Central Wharf on **Saturday, February 15**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Naavigtion Co.'s Steamer **Woosung**, Captain F. Newcomb, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, February 15**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Str. **Talee Maru**, Captain G. Kawamura, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Monday, February 17**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. **Luenho**, tons 2,868, Captain Jackson, will leave on **Monday, February 17**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Poyang**, Captain Carnaghan, will leave from the French Bund on **Tuesday, February 18**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s Str. **Suiwo**, tons 2,671, Captain Smith, will leave on **Tuesday, February 18**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Passengers Tel. No. 240. Freight Tel. No. 250.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chungking**, Captain J. Meathrel, will leave on **Wednesday, February 19**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Ngankin**, Captain H. A. Wavell, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, February 21**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Wuchang**, Captain Pickard, will leave on **Saturday, February 22**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

For Southern Ports

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hsin Peking**, Captain A. Stott R.N.R., will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, February 14**, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Singan**, Captain E. B. Jones, will leave on **Friday, February 14**, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

FOOCHOW.—The Str. **Haean**, Captain F. H. Wallace, will leave on **Sunday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

SWATOW & HONGKONG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Yingchow**, Captain E. B. Simons, will leave from the French Bund on **Sunday, February 16**, at 11:30 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tele. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Sinkiang**, Captain G. W. Eedy, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Tuesday, February 18**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHOW & KEELUNG.—The Steamer **Kohoku Maru**, Captain M. Tsuboki, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **Thursday, February 20**. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the **Nisshin Kisen Kaisha**. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. Central 4234 & 4235.

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Suiyang**, Captain J. Gibbs, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Thursday, February 20**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Northern Ports

CHEFOO.—The Str. **Hsinming**, Captain H. Mackenion, will leave on **Sunday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

CHINWANGTAO direct, taking through cargo for **TIENTSIN.**—The Kailan Mining Administration S. S. **Hero**, will bespatch on **Monday, February 17**. For Freight apply to Agent, 1 Jinkee Road, Tel. Central 1115.

CHINWANGTAO direct, taking through cargo for **TIENTSIN.**—The Kailan Mining Administration Str. **Kiangping** will despatch on **Tuesday, February 18**. For Freight apply to Agent, 1 Jinkee Road Tel. Central 1115.

DAIREN via TSINGTAO.—The Steamer **Keelung Maru**, Captain Y. Tekami, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **Monday, February 24**. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the **Nisshin Kisen Kaisha**. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. Central 4234 an 4235.

For Foreign Ports

SAN FRANCISCO via NAGASAKI, INLAND SEA, KOBE, YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU.—The S.S. **Tenyo Maru**, 22,000 tons, Captain K. Hashimoto, will be despatched on **Tuesday, February 18**. Tender conveying passengers and mails will leave Customs jetty at 5:00 p.m. For passage apply to **TOYO KISEN KAISHA**, T. N. Alexander, Manager.

LONDON.—The Steamer **Celebes Maru**, Captain T. Nemoto, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy Wharf on **Saturady, Feb. 22**, at For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

MARSEILLES.—The Str. **Luzon Maru**, Captain D. Iamigumi, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy Wharf on end of **Feb.** at —— For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

TAKOMA and SEATTLE CALLING at VICTORIA B. C. via NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI, SHIMIDZU & YOKOHAMA.—The Osaka Shosen Kaisha's Steamer **Africa Maru**, Captain H. Yamamoto, will be despatched on **Sunday, March 2**. Through Bills of Lading are granted to ports and overland points connecting with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Co., at Seattle and Tacoma. Consular Invoices must accompany overland shipment, to U.S.A. The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom's jetty at ———— on the same day. For Freight or Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. No. 4234 & 4235.

LONDON.—The Str. **Andes Maru**, Captain S. Saito, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy Wharf on end of **April**. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund Tel. No. Central 4234 and 4235.

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For **AMOY, SWATOW, HONGKONG and CANTON.**—S.S. **Suiyang, Sunning, Sinkiang, Yingchow, Singan and Kaifong.**—Sailing from the French Bund. Weekly service every Thursday to Amoy and every Sunday to Swatow. Connections at Hongkong with service to Philippines and Australian ports will be advised upon application.

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For **NINGPO**—S.S. **Hsin Peking.**—Sailing from the French Bund.

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S.S. Santa Cruz	May —	S.S. Colusa	May 1

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		arr.	leave
*CELEBES MARU (12,000 tons)	Capt. J. Nemoto,	Feb. 20	Feb. 22
*ALPS MARU ....(15,000 tons)	Capt. T. Yamaguchi,	—	Mar.
ANDES MARU ..(15,000 tons)	Capt. K. Saito,		April

FOR MARSEILLES (Via Hongkong and Singapore).
*LUZON MARU .....(8,000 tons) Capt. D. Imaizumi, Beginning of March

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver via Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama).
In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.

		arr.	leave
AFRICA MARU ...(18,000 tons)	Capt. H. Yamamoto,	Mar. 1	Mar. 2

FOR HONGKONG

MEXICO MARU ..(12,000 tons)	Capt. K. Komiga,	Mar. 4	Mar. 5

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Tsingtao and Dairen).

KEELUNG MARU. (3,000 tons)	Capt. J. Fukami,	Feb. 22	Feb. 24

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).

KOHOKU MARU. (5,000 tons)	Capt. M. Tsubaki,	Feb. 18	Feb. 20

*Fully booked for passage.

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to Europe, South America, South Africa, Australia, India, Java, China, Korea, Vladivostok and also between the principal ports in Japan. Through freight booked from Shanghai.

No accommodation for passage.

For freight, passage and further information, please apply to.—

H. SHIMAMURA, Manager.
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
Union Building, 4 The Bund
O.S.K. Yangtszepoo Wharf, Wayside. Tel. Nos. Central 4234 and 4235.
Tel. Nos. East 208 and 209. Tel. Address: SHOSEN, SHANGHAI

CANADIAN PACIFIC

OCEAN SERVICES LIMITED
PACIFIC

QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC

EMPRESS OF RUSSIA
Shanghai to Vancouver — MARCH 1st

Subsequent Sailings from Shanghai

For Vancouver via Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama		For Hongkong via Manila	
Empress of Japan	Mar. 15	Empress of Asia	Mar. 15
Empress of Asia	Mar. 29	Empress of Russia	Apr. 12
Monteagle†	Apr. 9	Empress of Japan	Apr. 26
Empress of Russia	Apr. 26	Empress of Asia	May 10
Empress of Japan	May 10	Monteagle	May 31
Empress of Asia	May 24	Empress of Russia	June 6

†Monteagle calls at Moji
*Monteagle proceeds direct to Hongkong.

DOMINION EXPRESS TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES SOLD
At daily rates of exchange. Can be cashed in any city in America.

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, etc., apply to
G. M. JACKSON
General Agent, Passenger Department, 19-A The Bund, Palace Hotel Building.
Tel. Central 182.

For through bills of lading quotation of freight rates, etc., apply to
L. E. N. RYAN, Agent,
Corner Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads.
Tel. Central 181.

T. K. K.

SHANGHAI BRANCE OFFICE
TOYO KISEN KAISHA.
(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.)

Imperial Japanese and U. S. M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.

SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

TENYO MARU	For San Francisco	February 18
SHINYO MARU	For San Francisco	March 8
TENYO MARU	For San Francisco	May 6
SHINYO MARU	For San Francisco	May 24

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

All the steamers of this Company are thoroughly modern and up-to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Children's Nursery, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performances, Deck Dances. Service and Cuisine unexcelled.

Lay-Over privileges allowed at all ports of call. Interchangeable with steamers of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company and Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd.

Railway transportation between Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama may be had on application to the Purser.

T. N. ALEXANDER, *Manager.*
North China Insurance Co.'s Buildings
'Phone, Central 3229 (Entrance, 71 Szechuen Road.)

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

THE AMERICAN STEAMERS
"NANKING" (15,000 TONS) AND "CHINA" (10,200 TONS)
WILL SAIL FROM SHANGHAI FOR
SAN FRANCISCO
VIA NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

*S.S. "NANKING"	MARCH	30th
S.S. "CHINA"	APRIL	27th

*S.S. "Nanking" does not call at Nagasaki.

FOR HONGKONG VIA MANILA

S.S. "NANKING"	MARCH	11th
S.S. "CHINA"	APRIL	9th

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, freight rates, etc., apply to
F. C. CHARMAN.
Acting Agent.
CORNER SZECHUEN & KIUKIANG ROADS
PHONE CENTRAL 4773

"Sooner or later" is a smooth-sounding phrase, but the man who uses Want Ads knows that it pays to DO IT NOW

SHIPPING

N.Y.K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

(Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE

For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Portsaid, and England:

	Tons		
MISHIMA MARU	16,000	Capt. S. Murazumi,	Feb. 16
SADO MARU	12,500	Capt. T. Hori,	Feb. 17

AMERICAN LINE

Via Pacific, calling at Hongkong, Manila, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B. C., and Seattle, Washington.

FUSHIMA MARU	21,000	Capt. T. Irisawa,	April 1
SUWA MARU	21,000	Capt. J. Teranaka,	May 9

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

YAMASHIRO MARU ...	7,000	Capt. Y. Nakajima,	Feb. 14
CHIKUGO MARU	5,000	Capt. M. Taniguchi,	Feb. 18
KASUGA MARU	7,000	Capt. K. Iteuno,	Feb. 25

MOJI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE

YAWATA MARU	7,000	Capt. T. Kawai,	Feb 15
OMI MARU	7,000	Capt. R. Ozaki,	Feb. 19
KUMANO MARU	9,500	Capt. S. Saito,	Feb. 22
KOKURA MARU	4,500	Capt. S. Ito,	Feb. 26

KOBE TO SEATTLE

SUWA MARU	21,000	Capt. J. Teranaka,	Feb. 16

FOR JAPAN

IYO MARU	12,500	Capt. K. Asakawa,	Feb. 23

FOR HONGKONG

FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	Capt. J. Irisawa,	March 2

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

SUWA MARU	21,000	Capt. R. Shimidau,	April 19

AUSTRALIAN LINE

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

KAMAKURA MARU ...	12,500	Capt. K. Nishijima,	Feb. 19
TANGO MARU	14,000	Capt. S. Niohimura,	Mar. 26
NIKKO MARU	10,000	Capt. G. Shinomiya,	April 23

CALCUTTA LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

BOMBAY LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information apply to

T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS
TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE
TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

November 20th, 1918, and until further notice

Express 5.	Luxe 1. B. S.	Miles	Peking-Mukden Line	Luxe 2. B. S.	Mail 4. B.	Mail 102. B. s.
1645	300	0	dep. Peking arr.	2230	1980	1020
1925	635	. .	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	1935	1700	720
1931	640	84	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	1930	1658	710
1940	650	. .	arr. Tientsin-East dep.	1920	1645	700
..	2340	524	arr. Mukden dep.	2301	. .	1040

Local 5.	Mail 3. B. s.	Miles	Tientsin-Pukow Line	Mail 4. B. s.	Local 6.
715	2115	0	dep. Tientsin-East arr.	624	1612
725	2125	2.71	arr. Tientsin-Central dep.	615	1602
745	2143	. .	dep. Tientsin-Central arr.	601	1547
1133	121	78	dep. Tsangchow dep.	139	1221
1457	449	148	dep. Techow dep.	2137	926
1801	752	—	arr. Tsinanfu dep.	1746	640
7.	:	220	:	:	8.
800	815	—	dep. Tsinanfu arr.	1726	1812
1039	1051	266	dep. Talanfu dep.	1463	1542
1300	1318	. .	arr. Yenchowfu dep.	1152	1311
1315	1335	318	dep. Yenchowfu arr.	1142	1256
1556	1637	377	dep. Lincheng dep.	846	1032
1816	1836	—	arr. Hsuchowfu dep.	620	810
9.	:	420	:	:	10.
650	1851	—	dep. Hsuchowfu arr.	545	2007
1156	2325	. .	arr. Pengpu dep.	050	1442
1206	2345	523	dep. Pengpu arr.	030	1432
1657	412	600	dep. Chuchow dep.	2013	928
1848	600	631	arr. Pukow dep.	1830	728

Fast 6.			Shanghai-Nanking Line		Fast 5.
730	. .	0	dep. Nanking-Ferry arr.	. .	1636
1420	. .	193	arr. Shanghai-North dep.	. .	910

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line				Lincheng-Tsaochuang Branch Line							
939	1350	2130	d. Yenchowfu a.	630	1230	2000	530	1110	1800	d. Lincheng a.	810	1410	2100
1022	1455	2223	a. Tsiningchow d.	538	1135	1858	638	1219	1908	a. Tsaochuang d.	702	1302	1952

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

Conventional Signs.

300 — train runs on Thursday only. 230 — train runs on Fridays only.

300 — on trains marked thus passengers must hold additional place tickets.

B — train has buffet car with regular meal service

S — train has sleep. accomm. 1st & 2nd class. s — train has only 1st class sleep. accomm.

Application for sleeping accommodation at $5.00 per berth should, at the earliest possible moment, be made to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic-Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order.

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, November, 1918.

Large Display Advertisements

intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before **5 p.m. on Friday**

Hongkong Market

Messrs. Moxon and Taylor's weekly share report of February 7, says:

Since our last report the Chinese New Year holidays have intervened and the week has been a short one in consequence. Shanghai closed for practically the whole week, re-opening on Friday. Considering these handicaps the volume of business has been on a generous scale and prices well maintained.

Banks.—Owing to falling exchange have strengthened and $760 has been done for cash and $778 for April. The London quotation has advanced to £112.

Marine Insurances.—Cantons have buyers at $410 after business at the rate. Unions are wanted at $960 and a few shares have changed hands as high as $970. North Chinas are in steady demand at Tls. 124.

Fire Insurances.—China Fires following on the rise in Unions have risen to $162 and Hongkong Fires have been dealt in at $355.

Shipping.—Douglases have come to business at $96 with $98 done for March, the market closing easy. Steamboats have buyers at $21½ and Preferred Indos at $31. After business at $160 Deferred Indos are quoted nominal at the rate. Star Ferries have buyers at $35 and Shells at 142/6.

Refineries.—China Sugars have had a sharp advance to $106 for cash, closing with buyers at the rate. Malabons are wanted at $39 cum the dividend.

Oils and Mining.—Raubs at $2, Urals at 35/-, Kailans at 47/-, and Tronohs at 40/- are unchanged from last week. Langkats in the absence of quotations from Shanghai have been dealt in locally at Tls. 21½.

Docks, Wharves and Godowns.—Kowloon Wharves have steered a rather erratic course during the week, as low as $119 being done for March and as high as $123. At the close the market is $120 for cash and $122 for March. Hongkong Docks are a quiet market at $162. Shanghai Docks have buyers at Tls. 134 cash, but forward business is held in abeyance until Shanghai re-opening quotations come forward.

Land, Hotels and Buildings.—Centrals could be placed at $102. Lands are wanted at $97½. Humphreys have buyers at $7¾ and Hotels at $90. Kowloon Lands are wanted at $32 and West Points at $68.

Electric Companies.—Hongkong Electrics have buyers at $74½ with no shares offering. China Lights are wanted at $5 and Hongkong Trams at $7.80.

Miscellaneous.—China Borneos are quiet at $12. Dairy Farms have been dealt in at $25½. Ropes have sellers at $35 and Providents buyers at $8¼. Cements have firmed up and $9.10 is offered for cash. Powells are wanted at $9½ and Waterboats at $11. Steam Laundries at $3½ are quiet with nothing doing.

Exchange.—The Demand Rate on London is 3/2½ and the T.T. selling rate on Shanghai is 64.

SHORT LOANS

We can arrange short loans in AMERICAN GOLD on approved local securities

Raven Trust Co., Ltd.

15 Nanking Road

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE HIGH EXCHANGE!

Carry a Gold Dollar Account WITH

AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY

No. 8 Kiukiang Road

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1919

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg.
Today.							
Nagasaki and Vladivostock..	Penza	..	14.00	..	..	..	13.30
Japan & America, via N'saki	Yamashiro M.	..	..	..	..	D9.00	..
N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada, USA & Europe, via Canada	Yamashiro M.	..	E8.30	..	..	..	..
Japan Ports	Yamashiro M.	E8.30	..	..	..	..	..
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Japan Ports	Penza	14.00	..	..	..	..	13.30
S'tia, via N'saki & V'vostock	do	..	..	..	14.30	..	14.15
Japan & America, via N'saki	do	..	..	..	..	13.30	13.00
Amoy and Hongkong	Singan	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Loongwo	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Dalny	Kobe Maru	8.30	..	..	..	..	8.00
Amoy, Hongkong & Canton..	Singan	8.30	..	..	..	..	8.00
Tsingtao and Dairen	Kobe Maru	..	..	..	..	9.30	..
Japan & America, via Moji..	Yeiko Maru	..	..	..	..	11.00	10.30
Ningpo	Hsin Peking	..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
V'stock and Siberia via Pukow and Harbin (Daily expect Sunday)	Train	..	..	..	17.00	..	17.00
Tomorrow.							
Japan & America, via Moji..	Yawata Maru	..	..	..	..	C10.00	9.30
Japan Ports	Yawata Maru	9.30	9.30	..	..	..	9.30
Swatow and Hongkong	Yingchow	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Hsinming	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Foochow	Haean	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Sunday, February 16.							
Swatow and Hongkong	Yingchow	10.00	..	..	..	..	9.30
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Monday, February 17.							
Hongkong	Sinkiang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hongkong and Canton	do	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Hongkong and beyond	do	..	..	15.00	..	..	15.00
Hongkong, S. Ports, Straits, Ceylon, India & Europe via Suez	Nore	..	A9.00	..	..	..	8.30
H'kong, S. Ports, A'tralia, Straits, Ceylon, India and Europe	Nore	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Swatow and Hongkong	Wingsang	..	11.00	..	..	..	..
Swatow, Hongkong & Canton	Wingsang	10.30	..	..	..	..	10.06
Hongkong and Canton	Nore	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Tuesday, February 18.							
Japan Ports	Chikugo Maru	11.00	11.00	..	..	..	10.30
Japan & America, via N'saki	Chikugo Maru	..	..	..	..	F11.30	11.00
N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama, Canada, H'lulu, U.S.A. and Europe..	Tenyo M.	..	..	15.00	..	..	14.00
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & E'pe, via U.S.A.	Tenyo M.	..	16.00	..	..	..	15.30
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & E'pe,	Tenyo M.	15.30	..	..	..	..	15.00
Tuesday, February 19.							
Amoy and Hongkong	Sulyang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..

A British Post Office will open at 8 a.m. and parcel post will close at 5 p.m. on Saturday, February 15.

B Letters and boxes with declared value 7:30 p.m. Parcel post 4 p.m. and money orders 3 p.m.

C Letters and boxes with declared value 9:30 a.m. Parcel post 4 p.m. and money orders 3 p.m. on previous day.

D Registered articles and letters and boxes with declared value 8 p.m., parcel post 4 p.m. and money orders 3 p.m. on previous day.

E Registration 5 p.m. on previons day.

F Letters and boxes with declared value 11 a.m. Parceal post and money orders 10:30 a.m.

Ordinary mails for Tientsin, Peking, Hankow, etc. will close daily at 8 a.m.; express mails at 8:30 a.m.; registered mails at 8 p.m.

CONGOLEUM RUGS

SANITARY - WATERPROOF - ROTPROOF

The Chinese Benevolent Association

271-6 Boulevard des Deux Republiques

Benevolent Fund Ticket

$50,000.00

Issued under the authorisation of the Government of the Republic of China on the 2nd April, 1918.

To be drawn among 50,000 successive numbers in full view of the public in Shanghai, China, on the 1st March, 1919.

One tenth of each ticket will be sold at $0.60, the proceeds of which after payment of prizes, charges, etc., will be divided between the Hunan Famine Relief Fund and the Benevolent Institutions. The Association reserves to itself the right to allocate the proceeds to the above objects; if any of the tickets are unsold on date of drawing proportional reduction in the allocation will be made.

Prices for whole tickets $6.00.

LIST OF PRIZES FOR WHOLE TICKETS

1	First Prize		$50,000
1	Second Prize		12,000
1	Third Prize		6,000
2	Fourth Prizes	$2,000 each	4,000
5	Fifth Prizes	1,000 „	5,000
10	Sixth Prizes	300 „	3,000
20	Seventh Prizes	100 „	2,000
50	Eighth Prizes	50 „	2,500
700	Ninth Prizes	20 „	14,000
2	Each approximate to the First Prize	500 „	1,000
2	Each approximate to the Second Prize	150 „	300
2	Each approximate to the Third Prize	100 „	200
4	Each approximate to the Fourth Prize	50 „	200
10	Each approximate to the Fifth Prize	25 „	250
20	Each approximate to the Sixth Prize	12 „	240
499	For numbers having the two terminal figures similar to those of first Prize	15 „	7,485
499	For numbers having the two terminal figures similar to those of Second Prize.	12 „	5,988
499	For numbers having the two terminal figures similar to those of Third Prize.	12 „	5,988
998	For numbers having the two terminal figures similar to those of Fourth Prize.	10 „	9,980
2495	For numbers having the two terminal figures similar to those of fifth Prize	10 „	24,950
99	Each with the first three figures similar to those of First Prize	30 „	2,970
99	Each with the first three figures similar to those of Second Prize	20 „	1,980
99	Each with the first three figures similar to those of Third Prize	10 „	990
6117	drawn tickets	Total	$161,021

Tickets may be obtained from all dealers.

All prizes won locally will be given at The Chinese Benevolent Association (271-6, Boulevard des deux Republiques, Shanghai); if abroad, will be paid at the Branch Offices of The Bank of China elsewhere.

THE CHINESE BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION

中國精益眼鏡公司

Refracting and Manufacturing

Crookes, Torics, AND **Kryptoks**

CHINESE OPTICAL CO.

P.252 Nanking Road

SHANGHAI-NANKING RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLF

Shanghai North To Nanking—Up (Main Line) Nanking To Shanghai North—Down

STATIONS.	Local	Express R.	Fast R	3rd and 4th	Fast R	Local	Fast Local	Night Express R.S.	STATIONS.	Local	Fast Local	Fast R	3rd and 4th	Fast R.	Express R.	Local	Night Express R.S.
SHANGHAI NORTH.....dep.	..	7.55	9.10	9.40	12.45	15.25	17.15	23.00	PEKING.....dep.	..	..	16.45	(P.M.R.—2nd, 3rd Day	..	..	..	..
SOOCHOW .....dep.	..	9.41	11.22	12.20	14.55	18.16	19.23	1.08	TIENTSIN) arr.	..	..	19.30		..	..	..	..
WUSIH .....dep.	..	10.31	12.24	13.41	15.54	19.27	20.23	2.10	CENTRAL (dep.	..	..	21.45		..	..	..	..
CHANGCHOW...dep	6.50	11.22	13.16	15.03	16.48	..	21.25	3.10	TSINANFU.....dep.	..	..	8.15	(T.P.R.—2nd, 3rd Day	..	..	..	..
TANYANG.....dep.	8.05	12.09	14.11	16.16	17.41	..	..	..	PUKOW.....arr.	..	..	6.00		..	..	..	..
CHINKIANG.....dep.	9.16	12.52	14.55	17.17	18 22	..	..	5 06									
NANKING.....arr.	11.19	14.15	*16.35	19.20	19.50	..	..	6.50									
									NANKING .....dep.	..	..	*7.25	8.00	11.45	*14 20	15.35	23.00
									CHINKIANG ....dep.	..	..	9.00	10.10	13.30	16.06	18.16	1 00
PUKOW.....dep.	..	..	18.30	T.P.R.—2nd, 3rd Day	..	..	..	..	TANYANG ....dep.	..	..	9.36	10.59	14.12	16.41	19.08	..
TSINANFU .....dep.	..	..	17.48		..	..	..	..	CHANGCHOW ..dep.	7.00	..	10.51	12.18	15.08	17.59	20.20	3.06
TIENTSIN (arr.	..	..	6 00		..	..	..	..	WUSIH .....dep.	8.15	7.10	11.28	12.56	16 00	18.29	..	4.11
CENTRAL (dep.	..	..	7.20		..	..	..	..	SOOCHOW .....dep.	9.35	8.09	12.23	14.54	17.01	19.21	..	5.12
PEKING.....arr.	..	..	10.30		..	..	..	..	SHANGHAI NORTH.....arr.	12.15	10.15	14.20	17.50	19.00	21.00	..	7.00

R. Restaurant Cars. *Connects at Pukow with the through Siberian service. S. Sleeping Cars.

Woosung Forts to Shanghai North—Up (BRANCH LINE) Shanghai North to Woosung Forts—Down

WOOSUNG FORTS ..dep.	6.50	8.10	10.50	13.15	14.40	16.20	18.10	19.55	21.50	SHANGHAI NORTH..dep.	6.10	7.30	10.05	12.25	14.00	15.20	17.30	19.10	20.45
KIANGWAN dep.	7.17	8.37	11.17	13.42	15.07	16.47	18.37	20.2	21.57	KIANGWAN dep	6.21	7.41	10.16	12.36	14.11	15.41	17.41	19.21	20.56
SHANGHAI NORTH .. arr.	7.35	8.45	11.35	13.50	15.15	16.55	18.45	20.30	22.05	WOOSUNG FORTS..arr.	6.46	8.05	10.40	13.00	14.35	16.05	18.05	19.45	21.20

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" MAIN LINE. ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Fast R	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express R	Local	Local	STATIONS	Local	Local	Fast R	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express R	Local
Shanghai North .....dep.	....	7.35	9.00	10.00	....	14.50	15.50	....	Zahkou .....dep.	....	....	6.30	7.55	....	9.20	14.10	15.30
Jessfield .....dep.	....	7.51	9.16	10.23	....	15.06	16.06	....	Hangchow .....dep.	....	....	7.00	8.30	....	10.00	14.35	16.05
Siccawei .....dep.	....	7.58	9.23	10.38	....	15.13	16.13	....	Changan .....dep.	....	....	8.04	9.48	....	11.40	15.20	17.36
Lunghwa Junction .....dep.	....	8.15	9.40	10.53	....	15.30	16.29	....	Yehtah .....dep.	....	....	8.41	10.31	....	12.39	15.51	18.40
									Kashing .....dep.	....	7.15	9.28	11.22	....	14.10	16.30	19.30
Shanghai South .....dep.	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.20*	*13.35*	*15.00*	*16.00*	*17.55*	Kashai .....dep.	....	7.48	9.58	11.55	....	14.48	16.52	....
Lunghwa Junction .....dep.	....	*8.15*	*9.40*	*10.53*	*13.52*	*15.30*	*16.29*	*18.12*	Sungkiang .....dep.	....	9.05	10.47	12.59	....	16.08	17.40	....
Sungkiang .....dep.	....	8.59	10.48	12.02	....	16.07	17.42	....									
Kashai .....dep.	....	9.51	11.52	13.28	....	16.53	18.49	....	*Lunghwa Junction .....dep.*	*8.18*	*10.38*	*11.38*	*14.08*	*15.33*	*17.23*	*18.23*	....
Kashing .....dep.	7.40	10.25	12.30	14.35	....	17.22	19.20	....	*Shanghai South .....arr.*	*8.35*	*10.55*	*11.55*	*14.25*	*15.50*	*17.40*	*18.40*	....
Yehtah .....dep.	8.45	11.05	13.15	15.50	....	17.53	....	....									
Changan .....dep.	9.45	11.41	14.00	16.50	....	18.24	....	....	Lunghwa Junction .....dep.	....	10 30	11.35	14.05	....	17.18	18.20	....
Hangchow .....dep.	11.10	12 50	15.25	18.30	....	19.19	....	....	Siccawei .....dep.	....	10.39	11.44	14.14	....	17.28	18.29	....
Zahkou .....arr.	11.35	13.10	15.50	19.00	....	19.35	....	....	Jessfield .....dep	....	10.46	11.51	14.21	....	17.37	18.36	....
									Shanghai North .....arr	....	11.00	12.05	14.35	....	17.55	18.50	....

KONZENCHIAO TO ZAHKOU KIANGSHOO BRANCH LINE. ZAHKOU TO KONZENCHIAO

Konzenchiao....	dep.	6.50	8.25	11.25	14.00	15.55	18.35	Zahkou.....	dep.	—	10.10	12.25	....	17.20	....		
Kenshangmun ..	dep.	7.10	8.50	11.40	14.15	16.15	18.50	Hangchow.....	dep.	7.30	10.40	12.45	14.55	17.50	19.15		
Hangchow.....	dep.	7.20	9.15	11.52	14.24	16.30	19.00	Kenshangmun..	dep.	7.42	10.57	12.57	15.12	18.07	19.27		
Zahkou.....	arr.	—	9.40	12.10	....	16.55	....	Konzenchiao....	arr.	7.55	11.10	13.10	15.25	18.20	19.40		

R. Restaurant Car.

Amusements

ASTOR HOUSE

Tonight Tonight Tonight

EDGAR WARWICK

PRESENTS

the THIRD EDITION

of

VANITY FAIR

Plans at Moutrie's

Dancing will take place immediately after the performance is over.

THE OLYMPIC THEATRE

PRESENTS

On February 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th

GEORGE BEBAN

in

THE SPLENDID
Five-Parts Comedy

"THE Marcellimi Millions"

The unusual story of the rise of an Italian truck gardener and the troubles that come with his newly acquired wealth.

ISIS THEATRE

Friday and Saturday, 15th and 16th February
Matinee, Saturday and Sunday, 15th and 16th February
Complete Change of Programme

FREDONY

Fredony in his Lightning Change Vaudeville Acts

Professor Bluffo ..... Parodist
Chung Lee Sun .. Mysterious Ching
Do-Re-Mi-Fa ..... Musical Clown

And Vaudeville Company in Song and Dance

Selected Picture Programme
"THE MYSTERY SHIP"
5 and 6 Episodes
(the most thrilling ones)
Saturday at the Matinee
Fredony and Company
and
The Spectacular Super Feature
"IVANHOE"
In Four Parts
Sunday at the Matinee
Fredony and Company
5 and 6 Episodes
"THE MYSTERY SHIP"
and
"THE HOUSE OF HATE"
The Most Emotional Serial
1 and 2 Episodes

2 shows a night
Matinee Saturday and Sunday

ISIS THEATRE

A Grand Farewell Concert and Preformance
Will be given under the direction of
Cantor E. M. Frankel
(Of Baku, Russia)
DRAMATIC TENOR
On Sunday, 16th Feb., at 9.15 p.m.

A most interesting programme will be presented, including a Comedy in English, entitled:
"Thirty-Three Next Birthday"
Songs in Yiddish and English
(By Orchestra and Choir)
Orchestra: Selections from Jewish Operas, viz., Achashveres, Barkochba and The Downfall of Jerusalem. Conducted by Cantor E. M. Frankel.
Don't Miss This Unique Treat
211587

Shanghai Tramways

The following is the traffic return of the Shanghai Tramways (Foreign Settlement) for the week ended February 12, with figures for the corresponding week last year:

	1919.	1918.
Gross receipts ...	$34,072.73	$34,102.33
Loss by currency depreciation ...	8,292.27	7,223.13
Effective receipts.	$25,780.46	$26,879.20
Percentage of loss by currency depreciation	25.45	22.37
Car miles run....	78,826	77,607
Passengers carried.	1,518,571	1,520,559

NEW U. S. CERTIFICATES

Treasury Offers $750,000,000 In Anticipation Of Fifth Loan

New York, January 1.—The Treasuray Department yesterday offered for subscription through the Federal Reserve banks at par and accured interest a minimum of $750,000,000 United States Treasury certificates of indebtedness dated January 2, 1919, and payable June 3, 1919, with interest at the annual rate of 4½ percent. Payments will be received by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York at par and accrued interest on and after January 2 and up to January 7, 1919.

This is the third issue of certificates of indebtedness offered by the Treasury Department in anticipation of the Fifth Liberty Loan. The issue will be known as Series 5-C.

Stock Exchange Transactions

Shanghai February 13, 1919.

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS

Official

Hongkong and Shanghai Banks $730.00
Anglo-Javas Tls. 7.75
Anglo-Dutch (25 Shares) Tls. 3.50
Bukits Tls. 2.00
Gulas Tls. 5.50
Samagagas Tls. 0.80
New Engineering Tls. 24.00 March
Shanghai Cotton Tls. 160.00
Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Tls. 89.00
Telephones Tls. 77.00
Yangtszepoo Cotton (Ord.) Tls. 8.50

Unofficial

Anglo-Javas Tls. 7.65
Tanah Merah Tls. 0.85
Kungyik Cotton Tls. 14.50 March
Langkats Tls. 22.00
Oriental Cotton Tls. 61.50 March
Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Tls. 91.00 March

Sharebrokers' Association Transactions

Shanghai February 13, 1919.

BUSINESS DONE

Official

Anglo-Javas @ Tls. 7.75 cash

Unofficial

S.M.C. 5½% Debs. 1913 @ Tls. 73.00 cash

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai February 13, 1919.

Money And Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate.
@ 4/9=Tls. 4.21
@ exch. 72.3=Mex. $5.82
Gold Dollars: Bank buying rate,
@ 113=Tls. 88.50
@ 72.3=Mex. $122.41
Mex. Dollars Market Rate: 72.075
Shai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls. 274
Copper Cash ..... per tael 1865
Native Interest ..... Tls. .02

Bar Silver ..... 48⅛d.
Bank Rate of Discount 5%
Ex. Paris on London ....Fr. 25.98
Ex. N. Y. on London T.T. G. $4.76⅝

Exchange Closing Quotations

London ..... T.T. 4/9
London ..... Demand 4/9⅛
India ..... T.T. 316⅛
Paris ..... T.T. 517½
Paris ..... Demand 620½
New York ..... T.T. 113
New York ..... Demand 113⅛
Hongkong ..... T.T. 65⅛
Japan ..... T.T. 45⅝
Batavia ..... T.T. 273
Singapore ..... T.T. 49¼

Banks Buying Rates

London ..... Demand 4/10
London .. 4 m/s. Cdts. 4/11⅛
London .. 4 m/s. Docy. 4/11⅜
London .. 6 m/s. Cdts. 5/0
London .. 6 m/s. Docy. 5/0⅛
Paris ..... 4 m/s. 648½
New York .. o/d Docy. 114⅛
New York 4 m/s. Docy. 118⅛

Roubles Exchange

Today's Bank Buying Rate For Roubles
Roubles 1,290 ..... =Tls. 100
Roubles 100 ..... =Mex. $10.75

Customs House Exchange Rates For February

Hk. Tls.	3.58 @ 5/0⅛		£1
,,	1 @ 653	Francs	7.27
,,	0.75 @ 119½	Gold	$1
,,	1 @ 43⅛	Yen	2.53
,,	1 @ 15	Rupees	4.19
,,	1 @ 1.50	Mex.	$1.50
,,	1 @ —	Roubles	—

AMUSEMENTS

APOLLO THEATRE

Friday, February 14th, 15th and 16th

IRENE CASTLE

"A beautiful girl whom he had never seen before came to him and asked him if he was brave enough to go through Hell for an unprotected girl!"
Was he? You just bet! And oh! the exciting adventures that hinged on that decison!

SEE HER IN HER LATEST PATHE PLAY

"THE MYSTERIOUS CLIENT"

It is a fast moving, sensational drama of the kind every man, woman and child will heartily enjoy seeing.

AMERICAN WAR NEWS

FATTY ARBUCKLE — He of the Slender Waist — **"HIS WIFE'S MISTAKE"**

Fatty in one of his gayest moods in a rollicking Two Part Keystone film.

Matinee, Saturday 4 p.m.
Gladys Hulette AND Creighton Hall
"ANNEXING BILL"

Matinee, Sunday 3 p.m.
"THE HOUSE OF HATE"
Episode 18: "At the Pistol's Point"
— 19: "The Hooded Terror Unmasked"

Showing at the

Victoria Theatre

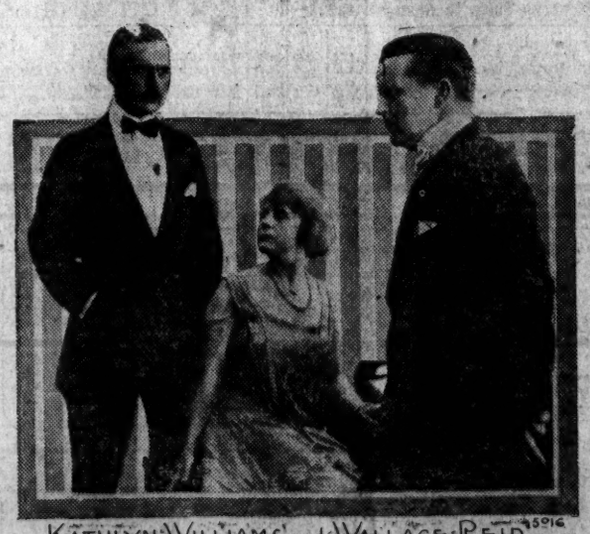
on February 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th and Matinee on Sunday at 3.15 p.m.

A masterful picturization of Bertrand Sinclair's vigorous story of the beautiful Sierra lumber regions of California

ENTITLED

"BIG TIMBER"

A PARAMOUNT FIVE PARTS PRODUCTION



KATHLYN WILLIAMS and WALLACE REID in "BIG TIMBER"
MOROSCO-PARAMOUNT

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL
TIENTSIN

Cable Address
ASTOR

The leading Hotel in Tientsin. Delightfully situated, facing Victoria Park, and located in the Centre of the Town's Life and Business.

Spacious and Luxurious Dining and Reception Rooms.

Every Bedroom with private Bath and Toilet.

First Class Cuisine and Selected Cellar, under Foreign supervision.

Central Heating, Electric Light, Modern Sanitary Arrangements.

Hotel Motor-Omnibus and Porters meet all Trains and Boats.

THE MANAGEMENT

The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

Parents should take advantage of the present high rate of exchange to provide for the future education of their children.

Write to us for particulars of our Special Policies, at

10 Canton Road,
Shanghai.

Business and Official Notices

(Continued from Page 7)

LOST

Original Bill of Lading covering 1,000 cases Lanterns, marked: 813 in triangle ex S.S. "Grayson."

The public is warned against accepting it, as a duplicate has been signed by the steamer agents.

FEARON, DANIEL & CO., INC.
21152

COLLACO'S DOG TRAINING KENNELS

Kiangwan Road

Fee for keeping dogs including exercising Tls. 8 per month.
Fee for special training of untrained dogs Tls. 30 extra.
Sporting dogs for sale or hire.

Please apply to M. J. E. Collaco, No. 1 Houtok Terrace, North Szechuen Road Extension, Shanghai.
21138

Municipal Notification

No. 2571

REGISTRATION OF GERMAN AND AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN SUBJECTS

(Amendment of Permit Conditions)

NOTICE is hereby given that Conditions 2 and 3 of the permits issued to German and Austro-Hungarian subjects, in pursuance of the provisions of Municipal Notification No. 2466, have been amended to read as follows:—

2.—Commencing on Thursday, February 13, 1919, the holder (if a male) is required to present himself in person daily, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 3 p.m. at the Police Station of his district in order to have his permit checked by the Police.

3.—On and after Thursday, February 13, the holder will not be permitted to change his or her address.

On and after Thursday, February 13, all German and Austro-Hungarian male subjects of 16 years of age and upwards are, therefore, required to report to the Police daily, instead of twice weekly as at present, and this Condition and the other Conditions of the Permit must be strictly observed.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Acting Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, February 12, 1919.
21155

Municipal Notification

No. 2510

7% LOAN 1918

UNDER the authority of Resolution VI passed at the Annual Meeting of Ratepayers on March 27, 1918, the Council hereby invites applications for debentures in the 7 per cent. Loan of 1918.

The debentures in this issue will bear interest from the date of purchase at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum payable on June 30 and December 31 in each year. They will be issued at par and will be redeemed on December 31, 1928.

The scrip will be issued in denominations of Tls. 1,000, Tls. 500 and Tls. 100 to suit the convenience of applicants.

Application forms can be obtained from The Treasurer, Finance Department, 24b Kiangse Road, to whom all enquiries should be addressed.

By order,
N. O. LIDDELL,
Acting Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, March 29, 1918.
21155

CARPETS

Come and see us before buying elsewhere. Our prices are the lowest: our goods are the best.

TIENTSIN CARPETS AND RUGS
Sheep or Camel Hair
Made to order from customers' designs.

HWA YENG FACTORY
127 Peking Road

GORDON'S DRY GIN

R. MARTENS & Co., Ltd.
1 The Bund
Telephone 4702

MASON & CO.
CONFECTIONERS
No. 90 BUBBLING WELL ROAD, OPPOSITE RACE COURSE
Fancy Cakes and Candies of French Style in All Descriptions
Telephone Central 3829

RAILWAY HOTEL, SOOCHOW

A first-class Tourist and Residential Hotel in Soochow

The proprietor assures everyone that no effort will to be spared to ensure the comfort and satisfa tion of visitors. Airy, large comfortable rooms, fitted with electri lights, fans and stoves, with bathroom and veranda attached.

WOLFRAMITE FOR SALE

ANOTHER 50 TONS OF ORES NOT LESS THAN

72% TUNGSTEN

had arrived here

PRICE ABOUT TLS. 750 PER TON (2240 lbs.)

Apply to

Mr. Y. P. TSENG,
No. 28, SINZA TERRACE, SINZA ROAD.
21115

LAND WANTED

Wanted to buy, not less than thirty mou in a single block, within five minutes walk of the Bubbling Well tram terminus, either inside or outside Settlement limits. Replies to be addressed to Box No. 123, THE CHINA PRESS.
21125

Yut Sae Chang & Co.

Wholesale Hardware Merchants
Building Contractors
Engineers' Supplies,
A1284 BROADWAY, SHANGHAI

Ball-Bearing Skates, Basket Balls, Stove Polish, Door Springs and Vacuum Bottles.
17997

Shanghai Amateur Baseball Club

NOTICE

The regular annual meeting of the SHANGHAI AMATEUR BASEBALL CLUB will be held at the Carlton Cafe, third floor, on Friday, February 14, 1919, at 5.15 p.m.

J. B. DAVIES,
Hon. Secretary.
21129

To Czechoslovaks

Residents claiming Czechoslovak citizenship have to register at my Office, Union Building. Office hours, 10-12 a.m.

Delegate of the Government
Czechoslovak Republic,
C. JEDLICKA.
21167

SPECIALIST

(Can Speak English Well)

Surgical and Venereal Diseases
Men's and Women's Diseases.

Treatments of Diathermy and X Ray are better for nervous diseases (especially rheumatism and nervous prostration) and skin diseases.

Injections of all kinds of vaccine, serums and 1914 (606). Tests of blood.

(Japanese) Dr. WATANABE, A.M., M.D.
31 Haining Road (fifth house from North Szechuen Road).
Tel. North 2279.
17846

PENSION PRIVÉE

92-97 Range Road
Telephone North 1173
High-class Boarding-House and Restaurant
All modern comforts; moderate terms.

Bank of Communications

Notice is hereby given that all notes issued by the Bank of Communications, Shanghai, which are stamped "SHANGHAI" are redeemable at face value in Mexican Dollars from the Shanghai Branch of the Bank of Communications.

And notice is also given that the aforesaid notes are accepted by all the foreign banks in the settlement, and also at the office of the Shanghai Municipal Council.

Shanghai, 12th February, 1919.
21168

T. Ichiki & Co.

Phone North 2631.
Dealer in
Musical Instruments and Music.
Y. 36, North Szechuen Road.

Now is the Moment!

If you want to buy a first class nicely situated dwelling house in

TSINGTAO

Please apply to
J. TH. MONCHEN,
TSINGTAO.
P. O. Box 115 20380

TURKISH BATH
and
MASSAGE ESTABLISHMENT

Specialty for rheumatism and nervousness; fat people reduced. 15 years' experience in U.S.A. Patients attended at their residences by arrangement.

Prof. I. K. SETO,
Tel. N. 2768. 25 North Szechuen Rd.

WHO WILL BE AT THE APOLLO ON MONDAY WEEK?